## PHYSICS

1. A body describes the first half of the total distance with velocity $\mathrm{v}_{1}$ and the second half with velocity $\mathrm{v}_{2}$. The average velocity is :
(A) $\frac{v_{1}+v_{2}}{2}$
(B) $\frac{1}{v_{1}}+\frac{1}{v_{2}}$
(C) $\frac{v_{1} v_{2}}{v_{1}+v_{2}}$
(D) $\frac{2 v_{1} v_{2}}{v_{1}+v_{2}}$
2. In a current carrying conductor the motion of electron is:
(A) accelerated
(B) decelerated
(C) uniform
(D) drifting
3. Which of the following particles will experience maximum force when projected with same velocity in a direction perpendicular to the magnetic field.
(A) Electron
(B) Proton
(C) Helium-ion
(D) Lithium-ion
4. Magnetic meridian is
(A) a point
(B) a line along north-south
(C) a horizontal plane
(D) a vertical plane
5. A rainbow is formed because of :
(A) scattering
(B) dispersion
(C) total internal reflection
(D) none of these
6. The best quality optical fibres are made of :
(A) glass fibres
(B) quartz fibres
(C) silica-quartz fibres
(D) costly conducting materials
7. An object is placed at a distance of 10 cm . from a convex mirror of focal length 15 cm . The position and nature of the image are :
(A) 3 cm . inform of the mirror, real \& erect
(B) 6 cm . behind the mirror, virtual \& erect
(C) 9 cm . inform of the mirror, real \& inverted
(D) 6 cm . behind the mirror, real \& inverted
8. The Magnetic effect of current was discovered by -
(A) Faraday
(B) Oersted
(C) Joule
(D) Ampere
9. A thin Prims $P_{1}$ with angle $4^{\circ}$ and made from glass of refractive index 1.54 is combined with another thing Prism $\mathrm{P}_{2}$ made from glass of refractive index 1.72 to produce dispersion without deviation. The angle of Prism $P_{2}$ is :
(A) $5.33^{\circ}$
(B) $4^{\circ}$
(C) $3^{\circ}$
(D) $13^{\circ}$
10. When a conductor of capacitance $C$ is charged to potential $V$, the total amount of energy present in the field is :
(A) $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{CV}$
(B) $\frac{1}{2} C^{2} V$
(C) $\frac{1}{2} C V^{2}$
(D) CV
11. Lightning conductor is provided in tall buildings :
(A) to light the building on festive occasions
(B) to make it good conducting
(C) to safeguard it from strong lightning
(D) to make it fool proof
12. A Volt is synonymous with :
(A) $N C^{-1}$
(B) $N C$
(C) $J C^{-1}$
(D) $J C$
13. According to wave theory the reasons for the colour of light is :
(A) amplitude
(B) velocity
(C) frequency
(D) none of these

## CHEMISTRY

14. What happens when dilute Hydrochloric acid is added to iron filings?
(A) Hydrogen gas and iron chloride is produced.
(B) Chlorine gas and iron hydroxide are produced
(C) No reaction takes place
(D) Iron salt and water are produced
15. One of the following is not an organic acid. This is
(A) Ethanoic acid
(B) Formic acid
(C) Citric acid
(D) Carbonic acid
16. The indicators which turn red in acid solution are :
(A) Turmeric and Litmus
(B) Phenolphthalein and Methyl Orange
(C) Litmus and Methyl Orange
(D) Phenolphthalein and Litmus
17. Fresh milk has a pH of 6 . When milk changes into curd. The pH value will
(A) become 7
(B) become more than 7
(C) become less than 7
(D) remain unchanged
18. The real bleaching agent present in bleaching powder is
(A) Oxygen
(B) Calcium
(C) Chlorine
(D) Sulphuric acid
19. An element X forms two oxides XO and $\mathrm{XO}_{2}$. The oxide XO is neutral but $\mathrm{XO}_{2}$ is acidic in nature. The element $X$ is most likely to be
(A) Sulphur
(B) Carbon
(C) Calcium
(D) Hydrogen
20. Which of the following pair of reactants can undergo a displacement reaction under appropriate conditions ?
(A) $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}+\mathrm{Fe}$
(B) $\mathrm{ZnSO}_{4}+\mathrm{Fe}$
(C) $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}+\mathrm{Pb}$
(D) $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}+\mathrm{Fe}$
21. The number of protons in one atom of an element $X$ is 8 . What will be the number of electrons in its ion $X^{-2}$ ?
(A) 8
(B) 9
(C) 10
(D) 11
22. The number of covalent bonds in Pentane $\left(\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{12}\right)$ is
(A) 5
(B) 12
(C) 17
(D) 16
23. 14 elements after actinium is called
(A) Lanthanide
(B) Actinide
(B) D-block elements
(D) P-block elements
24. The elements which has the maximum number of valence electron is
(A) Na
(B) P
(C) Si
(D) A1
25. A few drops of ethanoic acid were added to solid sodium carbonate. The observation made was that
(A) A hissing sound was produced
(B) Brown fumes evolved
(C) Brisk effervescence occurred
(D) A pungent smelling gas was evolved
26. Which of the following set of elements is written correctly in the order of their increasing metallic character?
(A) $\mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{Al}, \mathrm{Si}$
(B) C, D, N
(C) $\mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{Li}, \mathrm{K}$
(D) $\mathrm{Be}, \mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{Ca}$

## BIOLOGY

27. Ovoviviparous are
(A) Hen
(B) Snake
(C) Crocodile
(D) All of these
28. Mendel discovered
(A) Law of linkage
(B) 10\% energy law
(C) Laws of inheritance
(D) None of these
29. 'AIDS' virus is called
(A) ARV
(B) HTLV
(C) HIV
(D) All of these
30. Organic farming is the technique of raising crops through the use of -
(A) Manure
(B) Biofertilizers
(C) Resistance varieties
(D) All of these
31. In simple organisms, exchange of gases and excretion occur through -
(A) Osmosis
(B) Diffusion
(C) Imbibition
(D) All of the above
32. Match the items in column I and column II and select the correct choice :

| Column - I | Column - II |
| :--- | :--- |
| A. Lion | P. Producer |
| B. Cow | Q. Decomposer |
| C. Algae | R. Primary consumer |
| D. Micro-organism | S. Tertiary consumer |

33. When offspring is formed by single parent then it is called as
(A) Sexual reproduction
(B) Asexual reproduction
(C) Both (1) \& (2)
(D) Internal fertilization
34. Which of the following is a plant hormone?
(A) Insulin
(B) Thyroxin
(C) Astrogen
(D) Cytokinin
35. Which of the following enzymes coverts proteins into peptones?
(A) Ptyalin
(B) Pepsin
(C) Insulin
(D) None of these
36. Indicator of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ pollution is
(A) Algae
(B) Fungi
(C) Lichen
(D) All of these
37. The eukaryotic chromosomes are made up of
(A) DNA
(B) DNA and Lipids
(C) RNA
(D) DNA and Proteins
38. The basis source of energy for all Organism is
(A) Green plants
(B) Temperature
(C) Water
(D) Solar energy
39. T-lymphocytes originate from
(A) Bone-marrow
(B) Stomach
(C) Thymus
(D) Liver
40. What is the number of chromosomes present in human gametes?
(A) 21
(B) 23
(C) 44
(D) 46

## MATHEMATICS

41. The sum of the five consecutive numbers is equal to 170 . What is the product of largest and the smallest numbers?
(A) 1512
(B) 1102
(C) 1152
(D) 1210
42. The HCF of two numbers is 15 and their LCM is 225 . If one of the numbers is 75 , find the another number.
(A) 105
(B) 90
(C) 60
(D) 45
43. The capacity of two pots are 240 litre and 112 litre respectively. Find the capacity of a container which can exactly measure the contents of the two pots
(A) 9000 cc
(B) 12000 cc
(C) 16000 cc
(D) 8000 cc
44. If $2^{x-1}+2^{x+1}=2560$, find the value of x
(A) 10
(B) 12
(C) 9
(D) 8
45. Simplify $6-[9-\{18-(15-\overline{12-9})\}]$
(A) 1
(B) 4
(C) 5
(D) 3
46. If $a^{2}+b^{2}=234$ and $a b=108$, find the value of $\frac{a+b}{a-b}$
(A) 10
(B) 8
(C) 5
(D) 4
47. The product of two numbers is 12960 and their HCF is 36 . Number of pairs of such numbers that can be formed is
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5
48. A man had 170 currency notes in all, some of which were of Rs. 100 denominations and some of are Rs. 50 denomination. The total amount of all these currency notes was Rs. 10000 . How much amount did he have in the denominations of Rs.50.
(A) Rs. 4000
(B) Rs. 9000
(C) Rs. 7000
(D) Rs. 6000
49. The difference between the ages of Sonu and Sneha is 12 years. If the ratio of their ages is 3:5 then the age of Sneha is
(A) 32 yrs .
(B) 24 yrs .
(C) 28 yrs .
(D) 30 yrs .
50. Five ninth of $60 \%$ of a number is equal to 2790 . What is the number?
(A) 8100
(B) 7200
(C) 7300
(D) None of these
51. In the given figure, AD is the bisector of $\angle B A C$. If $\mathrm{AB}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$., $\mathrm{AC}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{BC}=12 \mathrm{~cm}$., find BD.

(A) 4.5 cm
(B) 9 cm
(C) 7.5 cm
(D) 3 cm
52. The average monthly income of four earning members of a family is Rs.7350. One member passes away and the average monthly income becomes Rs.6500. What was the monthly income of the person, who is no more?
(A) Rs. 6928
(B) Rs. 8200
(C) Rs. 9900
(D) Rs. 13850
53. A class is divided into two sections A and B. Passing average of 20 students of section $A$ is $80 \%$ and passing average of 30 students of section $B$ is $70 \%$. What is the passing average of both of the sections?
(A) $72 \%$
(B) $74 \%$
(C) $75 \%$
(D) $77 \%$
54. In the class, the number of boys and girls are in the ratio of $4: 5$. If 10 more boys join the class, the ratio of numbers of boys and girls become $6: 5$. How many girls are there in the class?
(A) 20
(B) 30
(C) 25
(D) None of these
55. The difference between the two adjacent angles of a parallelogram is $20^{\circ}$. What would be the ratio between the smaller and the longer angles of the parallelogram respectively.
(A) $4: 5$
(B) $4: 7$
(C) $3: 5$
(D) $5: 6$
56. A sum becomes 6 times at $5 \%$ per annum. At what rate, the sum becomes 12 times?
(A) $10 \%$
(B) $12 \%$
(C) $9 \%$
(D) $11 \%$
57. If $\sin \theta+\sin ^{2} \theta=1$, then $\cos ^{2} \theta+\cos ^{4} \theta=$
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 0
(D) -1
58. The mean age of a combined group of men and women is 25 years. If mean age of men is 26 and that of women is 21 , then the percentage of men and women in the group is
(A) 60, 40
(B) 80,20
(C) 20, 80
(D) 30,70
59. The curved surface area of a right circular cylinder of basis radius $r$ is obtained by multiplying its volume by
(A) $\frac{2}{r^{2}}$
(B) $2 r^{2}$
(C) $\frac{2}{r}$
(D) $2 r$
60. In the given figure, three circles with centres $A, B, C$ respectively touch each other externally. If $A B=5 \mathrm{~cm}, B C=7 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $C A=6 \mathrm{~cm}$, then the radius of the circle with centre $A$ is

(A) 1.5 cm
(B) 2 cm
(C) 2.5 cm
(D) 3 cm

## HISTORY

61. Who was known as "Fuhrer"?
(A) Mussolini
(B) Hitler
(C) Cavour
(D) Bismarck
62. Who organised the Dalits into the depressed classes association?
(A) Mahatma Gandhi
(B) Subhas Chandra Bose
(C) Jawahar Lal Nehru
(D) B. R. Ambedkar
63. The Bolshevik Revolution in Russian began on
(A) 7 October, 1917
(B) 7 November, 1917
(C) 7 December, 1917
(D) 7 March, 1918
64. Who created the cotton mill?
(A) Richard Arkwright
(B) Williams
(C) Newcomen
(D) James Watt
65. The main grievance of the peasants of the Champaran Satyagraha was about the
(A) Abwabs and illegal cesses
(B) Land revenue demands
(C) Tinkathia System
(D) Exploitation by the Moneylenders
66. Assertion (A) while joining the mainstream of the National Movement led by Gandhiji the tribal communities where unmindful of the demands of their situation.
Reason (R) Swaraj meant for both the freedom from British rule and freedom from the oppression of the moneylenders, zamindars and feudal overlords.
Code -
(A) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(C) (A) is true but (R) is false
(D) (A) is false but (R) is true
67. Who was the founder of Bengal Chemicals?
(A) J. C. Bose
(B) P. C. Ray
(C) M. L. Sarkar
(D) None of these
68. Which of the following was not true of James Augustus Hickey?
(A) He was the pioneer of Indian Journalism
(B) He was the founder of the Bengal Chronicle
(C) He always worked for the press freedom
(D) He was sent to prison by Company Government for being feerless journalist
69. The first President of the Congress Socialist Party was
(A) Jai Prakash Narayan
(B) Acharya Narendra Deva
(C) Jawahar Lal Nehru
(D) Sampurnand
70. From the following newspapers with which Gandhiji was not associated?
(A) Indian Opinion
(B) Indian Mirror
(C) Harijan
(D) Young India
71. The first factory legislation was passed to improve the working conditions of the labour in
(A) 1880
(B) 1881
(C) 1884
(D) 1894
72. Gandhiji halted the Non-Cooperation Movement after
(A) Chauri Chaura incident
(B) Kheda Satyagrah
(C) Ahmedabad mill works strike
(D) Bardoli Strike
73. Which of the following novel is not written by Munshi Premchand?
(A) Rangbhoomi
(B) Godan
(C) Sewasadan
(D) Indulekha
74. Who wrote "The Bitter Cry of Outcast London"?
(A) Durga Charan Ray
(B) Charles Dickens
(C) Andrew Mearns
(D) Thomas Hardy
75. Who was the founder of the 'Hoa Hao' movement?
(A) Boi Chan
(B) Liang Qichao
(C) Huynh Phu So
(D) Phanchu Trinh

## GEOGRAPHY

76. Alluvial Soil is a very fertile soil. The soil is principally found in the states of :
(A) Telangana, Gujarat and Rajasthan
(B) Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and West Bengal
(C) Kerala, Goa and Rajasthan
(D) Chattisgarh, Jharkhand and Nagaland
77. Bhakra - Nangal multi-purpose river valley project is situated on river:
(A) Damodar
(B) Sutlej
(C) Mahanadi
(D) Yamuna
78. Which pair of states is famous for the production of petroleum in India?
(A) Maharashtra and Goa
(B) Punjab and Gujarat
(C) Assam and Gujarat
(D) Rajasthan and Punjab
79. Select the row of towns who are famous for atomic power plants:
(A) Tarapur, Ankleshwar, Nagpur, Kaiga
(B) Tarapur, Nagarjunsagar, Mathura, Meerut
(C) Tarapur, Rawatbhata, Vadodara, Narora
(D) Tarapur, Narora, Kakrapar, Kaiga
80. Sundarbans National Park is famous for:
(A) Elephant
(B) Wild Pigs
(C) Bengal Tiger
(D) Gangetic Dolphin
81. Blue Revolution is associated with:
(A) Development of Food Crops Farming
(B) Development of Hydel Power Projects
(C) River Management
(D) Development of Fisheries
82. Durgapur Steel Plant is situated in the state of
(A) Chhattisgarh
(B) West Bengal
(C) Madhya Pradesh
(D) Jharkhand
83. Which group of ports are major ports on the Western Coast of India?
(A) Mangalore, Kochi, Tuticorin
(B) Kochi, Tuticorin, Paradeep
(C) Kandala, Marmagao, Mangalore
(D) Kandala, Porbandar, Paradeep
84. The National Waterways No. 1 extends from :
(A) Haldia to Varanasi
(B) Haldia to Allahabad
(C) Haldia to Patna
(D) Haldia to Guwahati
85. Which of the following resources is very useful in maintaining ecological balance:
(A) Minerals
(B) Suitable Land for Transport
(C) Forest
(D) Building
86. Which of the following is the greatest and the most important resources of a country?
(A) Minerals
(B) Land
(C) Water
(D) People of the Country
87. Which of the following crops is grown by shifting agriculture:
(A) Cotton
(B) Cereals
(C) Sugarcane
(D) Tea
88. Which are the commercial crops :

Name of crops :
(i) Groundnut
(ii) Wheat
(iii)Sugarcane
(iv) Rice
(v) Mustard
Select the correct answer from the following options :
(A) (i), (ii) \& (iii)
(B) (i), (iii) \& (v)
(C) (i), (iii) \& (iv)
(D) (iii), (iv) \& (v)
89. River Damodar is a tributary of River :
(A) Ganga
(B) Swarnrekha
(C) Barakar
(D) Hooghly
90. Which cities are to be connected by Golden Quadrilateral Super Highways Name of Cities :
(i) Delhi
(ii) Mumbai
(iii) Bengaluru
(iv) Mysore
(v) Chennai
(vi) Kolkata

Select the correct answer from the following options:
(A) (i), (ii), (iii) \& (iv)
(B) (ii), (iii), (iv) \& (v)
(C) (i), (ii), (v) \& (vi)
(D) (ii), (iii), (iv) \& (v)

## CIVICS

91. Who is the present UN Secretary General?
(A) Kofi Annan
(B) Antonio Guterres
(C) Ban Ki-Moon
(D) None
92. The Chief Justice of Supreme Court of India is -
(A) Deepak Mishra
(B) T. S. Thakur
(C) Ranjan Gogoi
(D) Jagdish Singh Khehar
93. Which of the following Countries has adopted the One Party System?
(A) India
(B) USA
(C) China
(D) Japan
94. What is the full name of UPA?
(A) United Party Alliance
(B) United People's Alliance
(C) United Progressive Alliance
(D) United Progressive Axis
95. Which constitutional amendment granted reservation to women in Panchayats?
(A) 42 nd
(B) 44 th
(C) 65th
(D) 73 rd
96. Due to Inflation, Market items
(A) gets cheaper
(B) gets expensive
(C) Price remains the same
(D) None of these
97. The Reserve Bank of India was nationalised in :
(A) 1945
(B) 1947
(C) 1949
(D) 1950
98. When the New Economic Policy came into force in India?
(A) 1990
(B) 1991
(C) 1993
(D) 1994
99. Who wrote the book "Wealth of Nations"?
(A) Marshall
(B) Piggu
(C) Adam Smith
(D) Kinns
100. The main feature of the New Economic Policy of India-
(A) Liberalisation
(B) Globalisation
(C) Privatisation
(D) All of them

## ANSWER KEY

| QUESTION NO. | ANSWER | QUESTION NO. | ANSWER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (D) | 51 | (C) |
| 2 | (D) | 52 | (C) |
| 3 | (D) | 53 | (B) |
| 4 | (C) | 54 | (C) |
| 5 | (B) | 55 | (A) |
| 6 | (C) | 56 | (D) |
| 7 | (B) | 57 | (A) |
| 8 | (B) | 58 | (C) |
| 9 | (B) | 59 | (C) |
| 10 | (C) | 60 | (B) |
| 11 | (C) | 61 | (B) |
| 12 | (C) | 62 | (D) |
| 13 | (C) | 63 | (B) |
| 14 | (A) | 64 | (A) |
| 15 | (D) | 65 | (C) |
| 16 | (D) | 66 | (D) |
| 17 | (C) | 67 | (B) |
| 18 | (C) | 68 | (B) |
| 19 | (B) | 69 | (A) |
| 20 | (D) | 70 | (B) |
| 21 | (C) | 71 | (B) |
| 22 | (D) | 72 | (A) |
| 23 | (B) | 73 | (D) |
| 24 | (B) | 74 | (C) |
| 25 | (C) | 75 | (C) |
| 26 | (D) | 76 | (B) |
| 27 | (B) | 77 | (B) |
| 28 | (C) | 78 | (C) |
| 29 | (C) | 79 | (D) |
| 30 | (D) | 80 | (C) |
| 31 | (B) | 81 | (D) |
| 32 | $\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{S} ; \mathrm{B} \rightarrow \mathrm{R} ; \mathrm{C} \rightarrow \mathrm{P}$; | 82 | (B) |
|  | $D \rightarrow Q$ |  |  |
| 33 | (B) | 83 | (C) |
| 34 | (D) | 84 | (B) |
| 35 | (B) | 85 | (C) |
| 36 | (C) | 86 | (D) |
| 37 | (D) | 87 | (B) |
| 38 | (D) | 88 | (B) |
| 39 | (C) | 89 | (D) |
| 40 | (B) | 90 | (C) |
| 41 | (C) | 91 | (B) |
| 42 | (D) | 92 | (C) |
| 43 | (C) | 93 | (C) |
| 44 | (A) | 94 | (C) |
| 45 | (D) | 95 | (D) |
| 46 | (C) | 96 | (B) |
| 47 | (A) | 97 | (C) |
| 48 | (C) | 98 | (B) |
| 49 | (D) | 99 | (C) |
| 50 | (D) | 100 | (D) |

