#### PHYSICS

1. A body describes the first half of the total distance with velocity  $v_1$  and the second half with velocity  $v_2$ . The average velocity is :

(A) $\frac{v_1 + v_2}{2}$	(B) $\frac{1}{v_1} + \frac{1}{v_2}$
(C) $\frac{v_1 v_2}{v_1 + v_2}$	(D) $\frac{2v_1 v_2}{v_1 + v_2}$

- In a current carrying conductor the motion of electron is :

   (A) accelerated
   (B) decelerated
   (C) uniform
   (D) drifting
- Which of the following particles will experience maximum force when projected with same velocity in a direction perpendicular to the magnetic field.
  (A) Electron
  (B) Proton
  - (C) Helium-ion (D) Lithium-ion
- 4. Magnetic meridian is
  (A) a point
  (B) a line along north-south
  (C) a horizontal plane
  (D) a vertical plane

5.	A rainbow is formed because of :	
	(A) scattering	(B) dispersion
	(C) total internal reflection	(D) none of these

6.	The best quality optical fibres are made of :		
	(A) glass fibres	(B) quartz fibres	
	(C) silica-quartz fibres	(D) costly conducting materials	

7. An object is placed at a distance of 10 cm. from a convex mirror of focal length 15 cm. The position and nature of the image are :
(A) 3 cm. inform of the mirror, real & erect
(B) 6 cm. behind the mirror, virtual & erect
(C) 9 cm. inform of the mirror, real & inverted
(D) 6 cm. behind the mirror, real & inverted

8.	The Magnetic effect of current was discovered by –	
	(A) Faraday	(B) Oersted
	(C) Joule	(D) Ampere

9. A thin Prims P<sub>1</sub> with angle 4° and made from glass of refractive index 1.54 is combined with another thing Prism P<sub>2</sub> made from glass of refractive index 1.72 to produce dispersion without deviation. The angle of Prism P<sub>2</sub> is : (A)  $5.33^{\circ}$  (B)  $4^{\circ}$ (C)  $3^{\circ}$  (D)  $13^{\circ}$ 

- 10. When a conductor of capacitance C is charged to potential V, the total amount of energy present in the field is :
  - (A)  $\frac{1}{2}CV$  (B)  $\frac{1}{2}C^{2}V$ (C)  $\frac{1}{2}CV^{2}$  (D) CV
- 11. Lightning conductor is provided in tall buildings :
  (A) to light the building on festive occasions
  (B) to make it good conducting
  (C) to safeguard it from strong lightning
  (D) to make it fool proof
- 12. A Volt is synonymous with :

(A) $NC^{-1}$	(B) <i>NC</i>
(C) $JC^{-1}$	(D) <i>JC</i>

13. According to wave theory the reasons for the colour of light is : (A) amplitude (B) velocity (C) frequency (D) none of these

# **CHEMISTRY**

14.	What happens when dilute Hydrochloric acid i (A) Hydrogen gas and iron chloride is produced (B) Chlorine gas and iron hydroxide are produc (C) No reaction takes place (D) Iron salt and water are produced	s added to iron filings? d. ced
15.	One of the following is not an organic acid. Thi (A) Ethanoic acid (C) Citric acid	s is (B) Formic acid (D) Carbonic acid
16.	The indicators which turn red in acid solution a (A) Turmeric and Litmus (B) Phenolphthalein and Methyl Orange (C) Litmus and Methyl Orange (D) Phenolphthalein and Litmus	are :
17.	Fresh milk has a pH of 6. When milk changes into curd. The pH value will	
	(A) become less than 7	(B) become more than 7 (D) remain unchanged
18.	The real bleaching agent present in bleaching	powder is
	(A) Oxygen	(B) Calcium
	(C) Chlorine	(D) Sulphuric acid
19.	An element X forms two oxides XO and XO <sub>2</sub> . Th nature. The element X is most likely to be	ne oxide XO is neutral but $XO_2$ is acidic in
	(A) Sulphur	(B) Carbon
	(C) Calcium	(D) Hydrogen
20.	Which of the following pair of reactants can un appropriate conditions ?	ndergo a displacement reaction under
	(A) $MgSO_A + Fe$	(B) $ZnSO_A + Fe$
	(C) $MgSO_4 + Pb$	(D) $CuSO_4 + Fe$
21.	The number of protons in one atom of an element X is 8. What will be the number of electrons in its ion $X^{-2}$ ?	
	(A) 8	(B) 9
	(C) 10	(D) 11
22	The number of conclust bonds in Dontons (C.	
22.		112) IS (D) 10
	(A) 5 (C) 17	(D) 16
23.	14 elements after actinium is called	
	(A) Lanthanide	(B) Actinide
	(B) D-block elements	(D) P-block elements
24	The elements which has the maximum numbe	r of valence electron is
	(A) Na	(B) P
	(C) Si	(D) A1

- 25. A few drops of ethanoic acid were added to solid sodium carbonate. The observation made was that
  - (A) A hissing sound was produced
  - (B) Brown fumes evolved
  - (C) Brisk effervescence occurred
  - (D) A pungent smelling gas was evolved
- 26. Which of the following set of elements is written correctly in the order of their increasing metallic character?

(A) Mg, Al, Si	(B) C, D, N
(C) Na, Li, K	(D) Be, Mg, Ca

# **BIOLOGY**

27.	Ovoviviparous are (A) Hen	(B) Snake	
	(C) Crocodile	(D) All of these	
28.	Mendel discovered		
	(A) Law of linkage	(B) 10% energy law	
	(C) Laws of inheritance	(D) None of these	
29.	'AIDS' virus is called		
		(D) All of these	
		(D) All of these	
30.	Organic farming is the technique of raising crops through the use of –		
	(C) Resistance variaties	(D) All of these	
	(C) Resistance varieties	(D) All of these	
31.	In simple organisms, exchange of gases and e	xcretion occur through –	
	(A) USMOSIS	(B) All of the choice	
		(D) All of the above	
32.	Match the items in column I and column II an	d select the correct choice :	
	Column – I	Column – II	
	A. Lion	P. Producer	
	B. Cow	Q. Decomposer	
	C. Algae	R. Primary consumer	
	D. Micro-organism	S. Tertiary consumer	
22	D. Micro-organism	S. Tertiary consumer	
33.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as	
33.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction	
33.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2)	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization	
33. 34.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone?	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization	
33. 34.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin	
33. 34.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin	
33. 34. 35.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones?	
33. 34. 35.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin	
33. 34. 35.	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these	
<ul><li>33.</li><li>34.</li><li>35.</li><li>36.</li></ul>	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin Indicator of SO <sub>2</sub> pollution is	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these	
<ul><li>33.</li><li>34.</li><li>35.</li><li>36.</li></ul>	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin Indicator of SO <sub>2</sub> pollution is (A) Algae	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these (B) Fungi	
<ul><li>33.</li><li>34.</li><li>35.</li><li>36.</li></ul>	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin Indicator of SO <sub>2</sub> pollution is (A) Algae (C) Lichen	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these (B) Fungi (D) All of these	
<ul> <li>33.</li> <li>34.</li> <li>35.</li> <li>36.</li> <li>37.</li> </ul>	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin Indicator of SO <sub>2</sub> pollution is (A) Algae (C) Lichen The eukaryotic chromosomes are made up of	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these (B) Fungi (D) All of these	
<ul><li>33.</li><li>34.</li><li>35.</li><li>36.</li><li>37.</li></ul>	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin Indicator of SO <sub>2</sub> pollution is (A) Algae (C) Lichen The eukaryotic chromosomes are made up of (A) DNA	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these (B) Fungi (D) All of these	
<ul><li>33.</li><li>34.</li><li>35.</li><li>36.</li><li>37.</li></ul>	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin Indicator of SO <sub>2</sub> pollution is (A) Algae (C) Lichen The eukaryotic chromosomes are made up of (A) DNA (C) RNA	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these (B) Fungi (D) All of these (B) DNA and Lipids (D) DNA and Proteins	
<ul> <li>33.</li> <li>34.</li> <li>35.</li> <li>36.</li> <li>37.</li> <li>38.</li> </ul>	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin Indicator of SO <sub>2</sub> pollution is (A) Algae (C) Lichen The eukaryotic chromosomes are made up of (A) DNA (C) RNA The basis source of energy for all Organism is	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these (B) Fungi (D) All of these (B) DNA and Lipids (D) DNA and Proteins	
<ul> <li>33.</li> <li>34.</li> <li>35.</li> <li>36.</li> <li>37.</li> <li>38.</li> </ul>	D. Micro-organism When offspring is formed by single parent the (A) Sexual reproduction (C) Both (1) & (2) Which of the following is a plant hormone? (A) Insulin (C) Astrogen Which of the following enzymes coverts prote (A) Ptyalin (C) Insulin Indicator of SO <sub>2</sub> pollution is (A) Algae (C) Lichen The eukaryotic chromosomes are made up of (A) DNA (C) RNA The basis source of energy for all Organism is (A) Green plants	S. Tertiary consumer en it is called as (B) Asexual reproduction (D) Internal fertilization (B) Thyroxin (D) Cytokinin eins into peptones? (B) Pepsin (D) None of these (B) Fungi (D) All of these (B) DNA and Lipids (D) DNA and Proteins (B) Temperature	

39.	T-lymphocytes originate from		
	(A) Bone-marrow	(B) Stomach	
	(C) Thymus	(D) Liver	

40. Wha	What is the number of chrome	osomes present in human gametes?
	(1) 21	(0) 22

(A) ZI	(B) Z3
(C) 44	(D) 46

## MATHEMATICS

41.	The sum of the five consecutive numbers is equative smallest numbers?	nbers is equal to 170. What is the product of largest and	
	(A) 1512	(B) 1102	
	(C) 1152	(D) 1210	
42.	The HCF of two numbers is 15 and their LCM another number.	is 225. If one of the numbers is 75, find the	
	(A) 105	(B) 90	
	(C) 60	(D) 45	
43.	The capacity of two pots are 240 litre and 112 container which can exactly measure the conte	litre respectively. Find the capacity of a ents of the two pots	
	(A) 500000	(B) 1200000 (D) 8000cc	
	(C) 18000cc	(D) 8000cc	
44.	If $2^{x-1} + 2^{x+1} = 2560$ , find the value of x		
	(A) 10	(B) 12	
	(C) 9	(D) 8	
45.	Simplify $6 - \left[9 - \left\{18 - \left(15 - \overline{12 - 9}\right)\right\}\right]$		
	(A) 1	(B) 4	
	(C) 5	(D) 3	
46.	If $a^2 + b^2 = 234$ and $ab = 108$ , find the value of $\frac{a}{a}$	$\frac{a+b}{a-b}$	
	(A) 10	(B) 8	
	(C) 5	(D) 4	
47.	The product of two numbers is 12960 and their HCF is 36. Number of pairs of such numbe that can be formed is		
	(A) 2	(B) 3	
	(C) 4	(D) 5	
48.	A man had 170 currency notes in all, some of which were of Rs.100 denominations and so of are Rs.50 denomination. The total amount of all these currency notes was Rs. 10000. He much amount did he have in the denominations of Rs.50.		
	(A) Rs.4000	(B) Rs.9000	
	(C) Rs.7000	(D) Rs.6000	
49.	The difference between the ages of Sonu and S 3:5 then the age of Sneha is	Sneha is 12 years. If the ratio of their ages is	
	(A) 32 yrs.	(B) 24 yrs.	
	(C) 28 yrs.	(D) 30 yrs.	
50.	Five ninth of 60% of a number is equal to 2790. What is the number?		
	(A) 8100	(B) 7200	
	(C) 7300	(D) None of these	

51. In the given figure, AD is the bisector of  $\angle BAC$ . If AB = 10 cm., AC = 6 cm and BC = 12 cm., find BD.



59. The curved surface area of a right circular cylinder of basis radius r is obtained by multiplying its volume by

(A) $\frac{2}{r^2}$	(B) $2r^2$
(C) $\frac{2}{r}$	(D) 2r

60. In the given figure, three circles with centres A, B, C respectively touch each other externally. If AB = 5 cm, BC = 7 cm and CA = 6 cm, then the radius of the circle with centre A is



(B) 2 cm (D) 3 cm

#### **HISTORY**

Bose

(D) 7 March, 1918

61.	Who was known as "Fuhrer"?	
	(A) Mussolini	(B) Hitler
	(C) Cavour	(D) Bismarck
62.	Who organised the Dalits into the depressed	classes association?
	(A) Mahatma Gandhi	(B) Subhas Chandra Bo
	(C) Jawahar Lal Nehru	(D) B. R. Ambedkar
63.	The Bolshevik Revolution in Russian began on	I
	(A) 7 October, 1917	(B) 7 November, 1917

64.	Who created the cotton mill?	
	(A) Richard Arkwright	(B) Williams
	(C) Newcomen	(D) James Watt

(C) 7 December, 1917

65.	5. The main grievance of the peasants of the Champaran Satyagraha was about the		
	(A) Abwabs and illegal cesses	(B) Land revenue demands	
	(C) Tinkathia System	(D) Exploitation by the Moneylenders	

66. Assertion (A) while joining the mainstream of the National Movement led by Gandhiji the tribal communities where unmindful of the demands of their situation. Reason (R) Swaraj meant for both the freedom from British rule and freedom from the oppression of the moneylenders, zamindars and feudal overlords. Code –

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(C) (A) is true but (R) is false
(D) (A) is false but (R) is true

67. Who was the founder of Bengal Chemicals?

/.	who was the founder of bengal chemicals:	
	(A) J. C. Bose	(B) P. C. Ray
	(C) M. L. Sarkar	(D) None of these

# 68. Which of the following was not true of James Augustus Hickey?

- (A) He was the pioneer of Indian Journalism
- (B) He was the founder of the Bengal Chronicle
- (C) He always worked for the press freedom
- (D) He was sent to prison by Company Government for being feerless journalist

69.	59. The first President of the Congress Socialist Party was		
	(A) Jai Prakash Narayan	(B) Acharya Narendra Deva	
	(C) Jawahar Lal Nehru	(D) Sampurnand	

- From the following newspapers with which Gandhiji was not associated?
  (A) Indian Opinion
  (B) Indian Mirror
  (C) Harijan
  (D) Young India
- The first factory legislation was passed to improve the working conditions of the labour in

   (A) 1880
   (B) 1881
   (C) 1884
   (D) 1894

72. Gandhiji halted the Non-Cooperation Movement after		
	(A) Chauri Chaura incident	(B) Kheda Satyagrah
	(C) Ahmedabad mill works strike	(D) Bardoli Strike

- 73. Which of the following novel is not written by Munshi Premchand?
  (A) Rangbhoomi
  (B) Godan
  (C) Sewasadan
  (D) Indulekha
- 74.Who wrote "The Bitter Cry of Outcast London"?(A) Durga Charan Ray(B) Charles Dickens(C) Andrew Mearns(D) Thomas Hardy
- 75. Who was the founder of the 'Hoa Hao' movement?
  (A) Boi Chan
  (B) Liang Qichao
  (C) Huynh Phu So
  (D) Phanchu Trinh

# **GEOGRAPHY**

76.	Alluvial Soil is a very fertile soil. The soil is princ (A) Telangana, Gujarat and Rajasthan (C) Kerala, Goa and Rajasthan	ipally found in the states of : (B) Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and West Bengal (D) Chattisgarh, Jharkhand and Nagaland	
77.	Bhakra – Nangal multi-purpose river valley proj (A) Damodar (C) Mahanadi	ect is situated on river: (B) Sutlej (D) Yamuna	
78.	Which pair of states is famous for the productio (A) Maharashtra and Goa (C) Assam and Gujarat	on of petroleum in India? (B) Punjab and Gujarat (D) Rajasthan and Punjab	
79.	Select the row of towns who are famous for ato (A) Tarapur, Ankleshwar, Nagpur, Kaiga (B) Tarapur, Nagarjunsagar, Mathura, Meerut (C) Tarapur, Rawatbhata, Vadodara, Narora (D) Tarapur, Narora, Kakrapar, Kaiga	omic power plants:	
80.	Sundarbans National Park is famous for: (A) Elephant (C) Bengal Tiger	(B) Wild Pigs (D) Gangetic Dolphin	
81.	Blue Revolution is associated with : (A) Development of Food Crops Farming (C) River Management	(B) Development of Hydel Power Projects (D) Development of Fisheries	
82.	Durgapur Steel Plant is situated in the state of (A) Chhattisgarh (C) Madhya Pradesh	(B) West Bengal (D) Jharkhand	
83.	Which group of ports are major ports on the Western Coast of India?		
	(A) Mangalore, Kochi, Tuticorin (C) Kandala, Marmagao, Mangalore	(B) Kochi, Tuticorin, Paradeep (D) Kandala, Porbandar, Paradeep	
84.	The National Waterways No. 1 extends from : (A) Haldia to Varanasi (C) Haldia to Patna	(B) Haldia to Allahabad (D) Haldia to Guwahati	
85.	Which of the following resources is very useful (A) Minerals (C) Forest	in maintaining ecological balance: (B) Suitable Land for Transport (D) Building	
86.	Which of the following is the greatest and the n (A) Minerals (C) Water	nost important resources of a country? (B) Land (D) People of the Country	
87.	Which of the following crops is grown by shiftin (A) Cotton (C) Sugarcane	g agriculture: (B) Cereals (D) Tea	

88.	Which are the commercial crops : Name of crops :		
	(i) Groundnut	(ii) Wheat	
	(iii)Sugarcane	(iv) Rice	
	(v) Mustard		
	Select the correct answer from the	ne following options :	
	(A) (i), (ii) & (iii)	(B) (i), (iii) & (v)	
	(C) (i), (iii) & (iv)	(D) (iii), (iv) & (v)	
89.	River Damodar is a tributary of R	iver :	
	(A) Ganga	(B) Swarnrekha	
	(C) Barakar	(D) Hooghly	
90.	Which cities are to be connected	by Golden Quadrilateral Super Highways –	
	Name of Cities :		
	(i) Delhi	(ii) Mumbai	
	(iii) Bengaluru	(iv) Mysore	
	(v) Chennai	(vi) Kolkata	
	Select the correct answer from the following options :		
	(A) (i), (ii), (iii) & (iv)	(B) (ii), (iii), (iv) & (v)	
	(C) (i), (ii), (v) & (vi)	(D) (ii), (iii), (iv) & (v)	

# CIVICS

91.	Who is the present UN Secretary General? (A) Kofi Annan (C) Ban Ki-Moon	(B) Antonio Guterres (D) None
92.	The Chief Justice of Supreme Court of India is – (A) Deepak Mishra (C) Ranjan Gogoi	(B) T. S. Thakur (D) Jagdish Singh Khehar
93.	Which of the following Countries has adopted t (A) India (C) China	he One Party System? (B) USA (D) Japan
94.	What is the full name of UPA? (A) United Party Alliance (C) United Progressive Alliance	<ul><li>(B) United People's Alliance</li><li>(D) United Progressive Axis</li></ul>
95.	Which constitutional amendment granted rese (A) 42nd (C) 65th	rvation to women in Panchayats? (B) 44th (D) 73rd
96.	Due to Inflation, Market items (A) gets cheaper (C) Price remains the same	<ul><li>(B) gets expensive</li><li>(D) None of these</li></ul>
97.	The Reserve Bank of India was nationalised in : (A) 1945 (C) 1949	(B) 1947 (D) 1950
98.	When the New Economic Policy came into force (A) 1990 (C) 1993	e in India? (B) 1991 (D) 1994
99.	Who wrote the book "Wealth of Nations"? (A) Marshall (C) Adam Smith	(B) Piggu (D) Kinns
100.	The main feature of the New Economic Policy o (A) Liberalisation (C) Privatisation	of India- (B) Globalisation (D) All of them

### **ANSWER KEY**

QUESTION NO.	ANSWER	QUESTION NO.	ANSWER
1	(D)	51	(C)
2	(D)	52	(C)
3	(D)	53	(B)
4	(C)	54	(C)
5	(B)	55	(A)
6	(C)	56	(D)
7	(B)	57	(A)
8	(B)	58	(C)
9	(B)	59	(C)
10	(C)	60	(B)
11	(C)	61	(B)
12	(C)	62	(D)
13	(C)	63	(B)
14	(A)	64	(A)
15	(D)	65	(C)
16	(D)	66	(D)
17	(C)	67	(B)
18	(C)	68	(B)
19	(8)	69	(A)
20	(D)	70	(R)
21	(C)	70	(B)
22	(e) (D)	72	(B) (A)
23	(B)	73	() (D)
23	(B)	73	(C)
25	(C)	75	(C)
25	(e) (D)	76	(C) (B)
20	(B)	78	(B)
27	(D) (C)	78	(D) (C)
20	(C)	78	(C)
30	(C) (D)	80	(D) (C)
30	(B)	80	(C)
37		82	(D) (B)
52	$A \rightarrow 3, B \rightarrow N, C \rightarrow r,$	02	(0)
22		00	
20	(D)	00	(C) (P)
25	(D) (P)	04 9E	(B) (C)
55 26	(D) (C)	85	(C)
20 27	(C) (D)	80 87	(D) (P)
27	(D)	07	(D)
38	(D) (C)	88	(B)
39	(C) (D)	89	(D) (C)
40	(B) (C)	90	(C) (D)
41	(C)	91	(B) (C)
42	(D) (C)	92	(C)
43	(C)	93	(C)
44	(A) (D)	94	(C)
45	(U) (C)	95	(D)
46	(C)	96	(B)
47	(A)	97	(C)
48	(C)	98	(B)
49	(D)	99	(C)
50	(D)	100	(D)