# WEST BENGAL NTSE STG - 1, 2017-18 LANGUAGE TEST-ENGLISH

### Q. 1-5. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

Nestling between the Greater Himalayas and the Zanskar Range, the Zanskar Valley is Ladakh's remotest and loveliest valley. The Zanskar Valley is a part of Ladakh region in the state of Jammu and Kashmir. Spread over an area of about 5000 square kilometres and at an elevation of 4010 metres, it is situated in Kargil district. Zanskar's western arm (fed by the Stod river) is studded with small setlements and agricultural expanses, as opposed to its eastern flank (watered by the Lungnak), which is an isolated, forbidding gorge. Prone to heavy snowfall, the Zanskar Valley is sealed off by snow-locked passes for almost eight months of the year. The passes open only around June and close by mid-October, beckoning intrepid trekkers and rafters to its challenging mountain trails and treacherous waters, for here nature gives no quarter but will reward those who dare. Padum, the biggest village and headquarters of Zanskar, along with Lamayuru, is the base for adventure activities here. It comes as no surprise that the journey, by jeep, raft or even on foot, both to and through this dramatic terrain, ends up being the destination. High passes, fraught with danger and a terrible beauty, are the gateways to this fabulous hidden valley.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. The Zanskar Valley is
- (a) part of lesser Himalayas
- (b) ery remote
- (c) popular tourist destination
- (d) devoid of any settlement
- 2. 'Prone to snowfall' means
- (a) the valley always experiences heavy snowfall.
- (b) the valley never experiences heavy snowfall.
- (c) the valley always experiences moderate snowfall.
- (d) the valley experiences heavy rainfall.
- 3. The Zanskar Valley remains cut off for eight months because
- (a) adventure sports are held during this time.
- (b) the roads are repaired during this time.
- (c) the mountain passes are blocked by snow.
- (d) the rivers become dry during this time.

- 4. The western arm of Zanskar Valley is habitable as
- (a) it is well connected by roads with the eastern side.
- (b) it is in the plain land and so very fertile.
- (c) the capital is located here.
- (d) it has agricultural land fed by Stod river.
- 5. Which of the following statements is true?
- (a) The Zanskar Valley is a lush green valley.
- (b) The Zanskar Valley has a hot dry weather.
- (c) The Zanskar Valley is visited by foreigners only.
- (d) The Zanskar Valley has rugged and wild beauty.

## Q. 6-10. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

From the shores of their Scandinavian homeland, between the Baltic and North Seas, Viking fortune seekers took to the world stage in the mid-eighth century, exploring much of Europe over the next three hundred years. With sleek sailing ships and expert knowledge of rivers and seas, they journeyed to 37 countries, from Afghanistan to Canada. En route they chanced upon more than 50 cultures and traded avidly for luxuries. They donned Eurasian caftans, dressed in silk from China and pocketed heaps of Islamic silver coins. They built thriving cities at Yort and Kiev, colonized large swaths of Great Britain, Iceland, and France, and established outposts in Greenland and North America. No other European seafarers of the day ventured so fearlessly and so far from their homeland as the Vikings. Earlier Schandinavia was wracked by turmoil. Along with three dozen petty kingdoms vying for power and territory, a vast cloud of dust, formed by comets or meteorites smashing into Earth and the eruption of one large volcano, darkened the sun lowering summer temperatures in the Northern Hemisphere. The extended cold and darkness brought death and ruin to Scandinavia setting the stage for the Vikings to set much of Europe on fire with their brand of violence.

#### Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 6. The Vikings started exploring Europe in the middle of
- (a) ninth century
- (b) eighteenth century
- (c) eighth century
- (d) nineteenth century
- 7. The Vikings could journey to 37 countries by dint of their
- (a) sleek ships and expert knowledge of rivers and seas.
- (b) brave heart and knowledge of rivers and seas.
- (c) knowledge and expertise regarding rivers and seas.
- (d) sleek ships and bravery during turmoil.

- 8. The Vikings established outpost at North America and
- (a) Afghanistan
- (b) Canada
- (c) Greenland
- (d) France
- 9. The turmoil in Scandinavian was caused by
- (a) political strife among kingdoms.
- (b) foreigners invading the kingdoms.
- (c) sudden volcanic eruptions.
- (d) political strife and natural calamities.
- 10. The Vikings established flourishing cities at
- (a) Great Britain and France
- (b) York and Kiev
- (c) Iceland and Kiev
- (d) Canada and China

#### Q. 11-15. Read the passage and answer the questions given below:

Conservation of plant biodiversity for sustainable growth and development has been the major concern of all the countries after the Convention of Biological Diversity held in 1992, which provided sovereign rights of the states over their national resources. Being the major staple crop for more than half of the world population, conservation and protection of vast generic of rice has got the top priority in India and also other rice growing countries. Majority of these generic resources were conserved by the local communities throughout the length and breadth of the country and the Government of India rightly recognised them as custodians of these generic resources. The issue of protecting of plant varieties came into focus after the birth of World Trade Organisation (WTO) in 1995. Accordingly, the Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmer's Act was enacted in 2001 by the Government of India, while recognising the services rendered by Indian farmers and exhaustive privileges and provisions were included in the Act as Farmer's Rights which no other country in the world recognised. Rice with its rich generic repositories and wide adaptability is the only crop that can offer solutions to the daunting goal of curbing hunger. Any threat to the biodiversity in rice is a direct threat to the survival of mankind.

#### Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 11. The Convention of Biological Diversity recognized.
- (a) the absolute claim of the countries on their national resources.
- (b) the nominal rights of the states over their national resources.
- (c) the reservation of rights of more than one country on their national resources.
- (d) the sharing of national resources of participating countries.

12.	India was the first country to acknowledge		
(a)	the importance of the Convention of Biological Diversity.		
(b)	the need for growing more rice for the masses.		
(c)	the contributions made by the farmers and their rights.		
(d)	the inhuman treatment meted out to rice growing nations.		
13.	Conservation and protection of different varieties of rice is essential as		
(a)	the scientific laboratories find new areas of research which it can give.		
(b)	it is the only means of keeping hunger of mass at bay and survival of mankind.		
(c)	it can generate more employment of people all over the world.		
(d)	a resolution to this effect has been adopted by the World Trade Organisation.		
14.	The word similar in meaning to 'exhaustive' will be		
(a)	exorbitant		
(b)	comprehensive		
(c)	amazing		
(d)	jubilant		
15.	'Sustainable growth' is associated with		
(a)	production of more national resources		
(b)	production of more farmland		
(c)	production of more parameters		
(d)	production of more staple crop		
Q 16-1	7. The following five sentences come from a paragraph. The first and the last sentences are given.		
Choos	e the order in which the three sentences (P,Q,R) should appear to complete the paragraph:		
16.	S1. The loss of helium on earth would affect society greatly.		
S2			
<b>S</b> 3			
S4			
S5	There it is blended with nitrogen to mitigate the dangers of inhaling ordinary air under high pressure.		
P - The	e element actually has many vital applications in society.		
Q - Pro	obably the most well-known commercial usage is in airships and blimps.		
R - Bu	t helium is also instrumental in deep-sea diving.		

Choo	se from the options given below.			
(a)	PQR			
(b)	QPR			
(c)	RQP			
(d)	PRQ			
17.	S1. The word 'megacity' means a city with a population of more than ten million people.			
S2				
<b>S</b> 3				
S4				
S5	Its population has risen to over twenty-four million.			
<b>P</b> - T	okyo, Japan, is now world's largest megacity.			
<b>Q</b> - I1	n 1950, New York was the world's only megacity.			
<b>R</b> - N	low there are about thirty megacities, and the number will continue to grow.			
Choo	se from the options given below:			
(a)	PQR			
(b)	RQP			
(c)	QPR			
(d)	QRP			
Q. 18	3-19. These questions have the second sentence missing. Choose the appropriate sentence from the			
optio	ns given below:			
18. Q -	<b>P</b> - Humans eat, sleep and play, but also speak, plot, rationalise and debate finer points of morality.			
	The power of neocortex comes from its ability to think beyond the present, concrete moment.			
(a)	These same sensations also cause mammals to develop various types of social relations and kinship networks.			
(b)	Our unique abilities are the result of an expansive third brain-the neocortex-which engages with logic			
	reason and ideas.			
(c)	The neocortex is also responsible for the process by which we decide on and commit to particular courses of action.			
(d)	The ability to sacrifice our drive for immediate satisfaction in order to benefit later is a product of the neocortex.			

19.	P - It seems, art	(that is, graphic art-pictures- and spatial art-sculpture) is divided into two broad	
categ	ories.		
Q -			
<b>R</b> - T	The second is 'modem	a' art, also known as abstract or non-representational.	
(a)	Entirely new form	s of art have emerged during the twentieth century.	
(b)	The two broad categories of art are fine art and the rest.		
(c)	This category incl	udes those artworks that are created primarily for aesthetic reasons.	
(d)	The first is 'classic' art, by which is meant representational painting, drawing and sculpture.		
Q 20-	-29. Choose the word	that best fills the blank from the options given:	
20.	Leather is very mu	ach in fashion this season as is the denim.	
(a)	auspicious		
(b)	ubiquitous		
(c)	conspicuous		
(d)	enormous		
21.		studies show that some forms of alternative medicines are extremely effective	
(a)	imperial		
(b)	enthusiastic		
(c)	incidental		
(d)	experimental		
22.	The	use of chlorofluorocarbons has depleted the ozone layer to a great extent.	
(a)	extended		
(b)	exclusive		
(c)	exorbitant		
(d)	extensive		
23.	The furniture in th	ne old house is to be on the following week.	
(a)	audited		
(b)	absorbed		
(c)	auctioned		
(d)	altered		
24.	The little girl	her pretty umbrella to flaunt it to her friends.	
(a)	undulated		
(b)	undermined		
(c)	undetected		
(d)	unfurled		

25.	Petroleum and natural gas are taken out from deep within the crust through wells by		
(a)	digging		
(b)	drawing		
(c)	dredging		
(d)	drilling		
26.	A few dried neem leaves	down as a gentle wind began to blow.	
(a)	fluttered		
(b)	fluctuated		
(c)	frustrated		
(d)	flouted		
27.	One should not spend an	amount of time on one's appearance.	
(a)	overwhelming		
(b)	innocuous		
(c)	inordinate		
(d)	importune		
28.	Armed with this terrible weapon	he was all but for a time.	
(a)	invincible		
(b)	intolerable		
(c)	indefectible		
(d)	incorrigible		
29.	As a nation our	of junk food is horrifying.	
(a)	acceptance		
(b)	consumption		
(c)	amount		
(d)	food value		
	35. Select the meaning of the give	en phrases/ idioms:	
30.	Call it a day		
(a)	name a particular day		
(b)	stop working on something		
(c)	slow down pace		
(d)	starting over		

31.	Uphill task
(a)	enjoyable task
(b)	childish task
(c)	difficult task
(d)	tedious task
32.	Red tapism
(a)	official delay
(b)	gross mistake
(c)	daring deed
(d)	stop work
33.	Null and void
(a)	ineffective
(b)	insecure
(c)	inaudible
(d)	intentional
34.	On queer street
(a)	in light mood
(b)	in a strange place
(c)	in a wrong place
(d)	in difficult situation
35.	Once in a blue moon
(a)	happened long ago
(b)	irregular happening
(c)	frequent happening
(d)	very rare happening
	10. In the following passage there are some numbered blanks. Fill in the blanks by selecting the
most a	ppropriate word from the options given below:
	36 satellites are man-made objects that orbit the earth. In order to 37
	es into space we need to 38 Earth's gravity. This is 39 by
	g satellites with powerful rockets. There are different types of satellites, each designed for a
	purpose.

Astronomical
Artificial
(a) land
rotate
launch
revolve
(a) attack
overcome
chase
recall
(a) achieved
adjusted
administered
admitted
(a) general
broad
specific
commercial
-43. Out of the given alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words:
Incapable of being approached
illegible
inaudible
invincible
inaccessible
A person who hates women
misogynist
misogamist
misogamist mythologist

(a) Electronic

Oriental

36. (b)

43.	Misappropriation of money
(a)	robbery
(b)	embezzlement
(c)	miscalculation
(d)	forgery
Q 44	-45. Select the word which means the opposite of the given word:
44.	Compliment
(a)	insult
(b)	fulfil
(c)	supplement
(d)	praise
45.	Humble
(a)	queer
(b)	kind
(c)	proud
(d)	simple
Q 46	-47. Select the word which is nearest in meaning to the given word:
46.	Ameliorate
(a)	obviate
(b)	alleviate
(c)	improve
(d)	inculcate
47.	Obnoxious
(a)	repugnant
(b)	invigorating
(c)	amiable
(d)	fastidious
Q 48	-50. Choose the appropriate phrasal verbs tc complete the sentence:
48.	You can me to keep your secret.
(a)	count down
(b)	count out
(c)	count in
(d)	count on

49.	The project	for want of funds.	
(a)	came round		
(b)	fell through		
(c)	brought about		
(d)	turned down		
50.	Don't me	, I'm trying to concentrate	
(a)	put	off	
(b)	put	_down	
(c)	put	_ aside	
(d)	put	over	