## Uttar Pradesh

## SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST

Time Allowed: (90 Minutes)

## NTSE STAGE 1(2016 - 17)

(For Students of Class X)

Maximum Marks: 100

	(11					
101.	The scientist related to (1) Einstein	o law of electromagnetic (2) Rutherford		ion is Newton	(4)	Faraday
101.	4					
102.	The S.I. unit of tempe (1) Degree celcius (2) Degree farenheit (3) Kelvin (4) None of these	rature is				
102.	3					
103.	How many light year (1) $1.057 \times 10^{-16}$ ly	·	(3)	2.26×10 <sup>6</sup> ly	(4)	9.48×10 <sup>15</sup> ly
103.	1					
104.	Two different light sou of the following staten (1) A has greater end (2) B has greater end (3) Both has equal er (4) None of these	ergy than B ergy than A	ave le	ngth 0.7 $\mu m$ and (	).3μ r	espectively. Then which
104.	2					
105.	Which types of radiati (1) x-rays	on absorbed by CO <sub>2</sub> mol (2) gamma rays	ecules (3)	•		UV rays
105.	3					
106.	If n conducting wire, e be (1) 4n	each of resistance $4\Omega$ is (2) $4/n$	conne	ected in parallel, th		equivalent resistance will  4n²
106.	2	(-)	(-)		( - )	
107.		n air and sea water are 3 e sea and detect its echo (2) 1.08 km	after.		depth	vely. A ship sends a of the sea at that point is 0.255 km
107.	2					
108.	Two body of mass 1 g		with e	qual kinetic energ	ies. Th	ne ratio of the magnitude

	(1) 4:1	(2) $\sqrt{2}:1$	(3)	1:2	(4)	1:6		
108.	3							
109.	The refractive index of	water and glass with res	pect t	to air are $\frac{4}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{2}$	resp	pectively. The refractive		
	index of glass with resp			0 2		0		
	(1) $\frac{17}{6}$	(2) $\frac{1}{6}$	(3)	2	(4)	$\frac{9}{8}$		
109.	4							
<ul><li>110.</li><li>110.</li></ul>	A technician has 10 resistor each of resistance $0.1\Omega$ . The largest and smallest resistance he can obtain by combining these resistors are (1) $10\Omega$ and $1\Omega$ respectively (2) $1\Omega$ and $0.1\Omega$ respectively (3) $1\Omega$ and $0.01\Omega$ respectively (4) $0.1\Omega$ and $0.01\Omega$ respectively 3							
111.	The wire of heater shou	ıld made of that material	who	30				
111.	The wire of heater should made of that material whose  (1) Specific resistance more and melting point high  (2) Specific resistance more and melting point low  (3) Specific resistance low and melting point low  (4) Specific resistance low and melting point high							
111.	1							
112.	The total internal reflec (1) Glass to water	tion of light is not possibl (2) Water to glass		hen light travels fro Water to air		Glass to air		
112.	2							
113.	The frequency of secor (1) 0.5 Hz	nd pendulum is (2) 1.0 Hz	(3)	2.0 Hz	(4)	1.5 Hz		
113.	1							
114.		energy in the ratio of 9	:4 are	e moving with equa	al line	ear momentum. The ratio		
	of their masses is (1) 1:2	(2) 1:1	(3)	4:9	(4)	3:2		
114.	3							
115.	The electronic configuration (1) 30	ation of an ion $M^{+2}$ is 2, 8 (2) 32		if its mass number 34		eutrons in its nucleus is 42		
115.	1							
116.	In the presence of concentrated sulphuric acid, acetic acid react with ethyl alcohol to produce (1) aldehyde (2) alcohol (3) ester (4) carboxylic acid							
116.	3							
117.	Which one of the follow (1) $Na_2O$ (2) $K_2O$	ring metal oxides shows	both :	acidic and basic ch	arac	ters		

	(3) CuO
	(4) $Al_2O_3$
117.	4
118.	The molecular formula of potash alum is (1) $K_2SO_4 \cdot Al_2(SO_4)_3 24H_2O$ (2) $Ca(OCl)Cl$ (3) $K_2SO_4$ (4) $Al_2(SO_4)_3 24H_2O$
118.	1
119.	The concentration of hydroxide ion in a solution is $1 \times 10^{-10}$ mole per litre. Its pH value will be (1) 4 (2) 8 (3) 10 (4) - 10
119.	1
120.	Which of the following gas is known as tear gas (1) methyl isocyanide (2) sulphur dioxide (3) chloropicrin (4) nitrous oxide
120.	3
121.	The number of carbon atom in kerosene oil is (1) $C_6 - C_{11}$ (2) $C_{20} - C_{30}$ (3) $C_{11} - C_{16}$ (4) $C_{18} - C_{22}$
121.	3
122.	Which of the following salt does not contain the water of crystallization (1) blue vitriol (2) baking soda (3) washing soda (4) gypsum
122.	2
123.	Acidic solvents are (1) those who donate proton (2) accept proton (3) either can give or accept proton (4) neither give nor accept proton
123.	1
124.	The method to purify the colloidal solution is (1) peptization (2) coagulation (3) dialysis (4) breadig's arc method
124.	3
125.	The dispersion of any liquid in a liquid is known as (1) gel (2) gum (3) gelatin (4) emulsion
125.	4

126.	Which of the following i (1) glucose	s made by hydrolysis of (2) fructose		n sucrose	(4)	maltose			
126.	1								
127.	Amalgam is (1) submetal	(2) alloy	(3)	compound	(4)	heterogeneous mixture			
127.	2								
128.	The number of salivary glands in human is (1) two pairs (2) three pairs (3) four pairs (4) five pairs								
128.	2								
129.	Wings of birds and insects are (1) vestigial organs (2) homologous organs (3) analogous organs (4) none of these								
129.	3								
130.	Cramps in the leg muscles after running a long distance are because of (1) build up of lactic acid (2) build up of acetic acid (3) build up of oxalic acid (4) build up of pyruvic acid								
130.	1								
131.	Translocation of food by phloem is in the form of (1) sucrose (2) protein (3) harmones (4) fat								
131.	1								
132.	Enzyme responsible for digestion of protein is (1) ptylin (2) pepsin (3) amylopsin (4) steapsin								
132.	2								
133.	Ethylene harmone is found in the form of (1) gas (2) liquid (3) solid (4) all of the above								
133.	1								

5

142.	1
143.	Ashoka was the son of (1) Chandragupta Maurya (2) Brihdrath (3) Bindusar (4) Ramgupta
143.	3
144.	Who was the last emperor of Mughal dynasty in India (1) Aurangzeb (2) Shahjahan (3) Jahangir (4) Bahadurshah Zafar
144.	4
145.	The grave of Maharani Laxmibai is situated at (1) Varanasi (2) Kanpur (3) Allahabad (4) Gwalior
145.	4
146.	Malik Kafur was trusted general of (1) Ala-uddin Khilzi (2) Firoz Tughlak (3) Iltutmish (4) Muhammad-bin-Tughlak
146.	1
147.	Ibrahim Lodhi was defeated (1) In the first battle of Panipat (2) In the second battle of Panipat (3) In the first battle of Talikota (4) In the first battle of Tarain
147.	1
148.	Who led the revolt of 1857 in Bihar (1) Khan Bahadur Khan (2) Tatiya Tope (3) Kunwar Singh (4) Mangal Pandey
148.	3
149.	Who is famous as Deshbandhu (1) Chandrashekhar (2) A.O.Hume (3) Chittranjan Das (4) Veer Savarkar

- 149. 3
- 'Satyarth Prakash' was composed by (1) Swami Dayanand Saraswati (2) Mahatma Gandhi 150.

	(4) Ram Krishna Paramhans
150.	1
151.	Which among the following is not correctly matched (1) Buland darwaja-Akbar (2) Alai Darwaha - Ala-uddin- Khilzi (3) Tajmahal - Shahjahan (4) Red Fort - Babar
151.	4
152.	Gulbadan Begum was the daughter of (1) Babar (2) Humayun (3) Akbar (4) Shahjahan
152.	1
153.	The Bardavli satyagriha was led by (1) Vitthalbhai Patel (2) Sardar Ballabhbhai Patel (3) Mahadev Desai (4) Mahadev Govind Ranade
153.	2
154.	Who was the founder of Brahma Samaj (1) Swami Dayanand Saraswati (2) Swami Vivekanand (3) Raja Rammohan Roy (4) Swami Ram Krishna Paramhans
154.	3
155.	<ul><li>M.S. Swaminathan is associated with</li><li>(1) White revolution</li><li>(2) Blue revolution</li><li>(3) Red revolution</li><li>(4) Green revolution</li></ul>
155.	4
156.	Panna is famous for (1) Petroleum (2) Diamond (3) Coal (4) Gold
156.	2
157.	India's biggest desert is (1) Thar (2) Sahara (3) Atakama (4) Gobi

157.

158.	The best quality of coal is (1) Peat (2) Bituminus (3) Anthrectie (4) Lignite
158.	3
159.	Rihand Valley project is located in (1) Uttar Pradesh (2) Bihar (3) Rajasthan (4) Madhya Pradesh
159.	1
160.	Which of the following is not fibre crop (1) Cotton (2) Jute (3) Hemp (4) Rubber
160.	4
161.	5 <sup>th</sup> June is celebrated as (1) World Environment day (2) World Population day (3) Earth Day (4) World Health day
161.	1
162.	Max Muller was a famous scholar (1) Russian (2) German (3) Italian (4) French
162.	2
163.	Ankleshwar is situated at (1) Gujrat (2) Tamilnadu (3) Kerala (4) Punjab
163.	1
164.	Which among the following is not correctly matched (1) Heerakund - Mahanadi (2) Bhakhranangal - Satluj (3) Nagarjun - Krishna (4) Matateela - Ganga
164.	4
165.	The capital of Arunachal Pradesh is (1) Agartalla (2) Imphal (3) Gangtok (4) Itanagar

165. 4 166. Satluj, Beas, Ravi, Chenab and Jhelum are the tributaries of (1) Indus (2) Tapti (3) Kaveri (4) Krishna 166. 1 167. Kaziranga National Park is situated in (1) Uttar Pradesh (2) Assam (3) Gujrat (4) Madhya Pradesh 167. 168. The famous Sanchi Stupa is in (1) Maharashtra (2) Uttar Pradesh (3) Madhya Pradesh (4) Rajasthan 168. 3 169. In which state is the Pushkar Fair held (1) Punjab (2) Rajasthan (3) Himachal Pradesh (4) Uttar Pradesh 169. 2 170. Who is the present Vive-President of India (1) Smt. Sumitra Mahajan (2) Sri. Rajnath Singh (3) Sri. Manoj Sinha (4) Sri. Hamid Ansari 170. 171. The Chairman of the drafting committee of Indian constituent assembly was (1) Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar (2) Sardar Patel (3) Jawaharlal Nehru (4) Dr. Rajendra Prasad 171. 1 172. The Indian Economy is (1) Liberal Economy (2) Socialist Economy (3) Mixed Economy (4) Marxisim Economy 172. 3 173. The Panchsheel agreement was signed between

(1) India and China

(3) India and Nepal (4) None of the above 173. 174. Who is the Chief Commander of Indian Armu (1) Prime Minister (2) Defence Minister (3) President (4) Vice President 174. 3 175. The tenure of Lok Sabha member is (1) 5 years (2) 6 years (3) 3 years (4) 4 years 175. 1 176. International Insitution related to child welfare is (1) UNICEF (2) ILO (3) FAO (4) CNT 176. 177. The main strategy adopted in the new economic policy of 1991 was (1) Liberalisation (2) Privatisation (3) Globalisation (4) All of the above 177. Who is the author of 'Arthashastra' 178. (1) Kalidas (2) Valmiki (3) Vedvvas (4) Kautilya 178. 179. Who among the following received Nobel Prize in the field of economics (1) Mother Teresa (2) Rabindranath Tagore (3) Amartya Sen (4) C V Raman 179. 3 Who was the Chairman of the Committee, which proposed Democratic Decentralisation and 180. Panchayati Raj-(1) K.M. Pannikar (2) Balwant Rai Mehta (3) Mahatma Gandhi (4) H.N. Kunjru

(2) India and Bhutan

180. 2

404	0	7	_	_	:_		
181.	$\cos\theta$	sec=	$\theta -$	1	IS	equal	ιο

(1) 
$$\sin \theta$$

(2) 
$$\cot \theta$$

(3) 
$$\sec \theta$$
 s

181.

182. For the maximum value of sin x, value of x is

(1) 
$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$

(2) 
$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$

(3) 
$$\pi$$

(4) 
$$\frac{3\pi}{2}$$

182. 2

183. If 
$$2x + 3y + z = 0$$
 then  $8x^3 + 27y^3 + z^3 \div xyz$  is equal to

183. 3

184. The sum of the roots of quadratic equation  $2x + \frac{4}{x} = 9$  is

(1) 
$$\frac{7}{2}$$

(4) 
$$-\frac{9}{2}$$

184. 2

185. If the volume of two spheres are in the ratio is 64:27 then the ratio of their surface area is

185. 4

186. If the H.C.F. of the expression  $(a^2-1)$  and  $pa^2-q(a+1)$  is (a-1) then relation between p and q will

be

(1) 
$$p = q$$

(2) 
$$p = 2q$$

(3) 
$$p = 2q + 1$$

(4) 
$$p = q + 1$$

186. 2

187. The measures of the five angles of a hexagon are equal and the sixth angle measures 100°, then the measure of each of the five angle is

- (1) 120°
- (2) 124°
- **(3)** 128°
- **(4)** 130°

187. 2

188. The value of  $\frac{(0.7)^0 - (0.1)^{-1}}{\binom{3}{8}^{-1} \binom{3}{2}^3 + \binom{1}{3}^{-1}}$  is

$$(1) -\frac{3}{2}$$

188. 1

189. If the angles of elevation of the top of a tower from two point at distances 'a' and 'b' from the foot of the tower and are in the same line, are complementary, the height of the tower is

(2)  $\sqrt{b}$  (3)  $\sqrt{a}$ 

(4)  $\sqrt{ab}$ 

189.

If  $p = x + \frac{1}{x}$  then the value of  $p - \frac{1}{p}$  will be 190.

- **(1)** 3*x*
- (2)
- (3)  $x^{4} + x^{2} + 1$   $x^{3} + x$ (4)  $x^{4} + 3x^{2} + 1$   $x^{3} + x$

190. 3

If  $log_5 [log_2(log_3 x)] = 0$  then the value of x is 191.

(1) 3

(2) 6

(3) 9

(4) 0

191. 3

192. Angle between the lines 6+x=0 and 3-y=0 will be

- (1)  $0^{0}$
- (2) 90°
- (3) 180°
- (4)  $60^{\circ}$

192. 2

If number 6,8,2,x-5,2x-1,15,17,20 and 22 are in ascending order and its median is 14 then the 193. value of x will be

- (1) 14
- (2) 7

(3) 15

(4) 20

193. 2

194. If  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$ 

 $A = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}$  and  $B = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$  then the value of (A'-B') is

- **(1)** {2,8}
- **(2)** {3,5}
- **(3)** {1,7}
- **(4)** {1,2,4,6}

194. 3

Factors of  $\frac{1}{3}c^2 - 2c - 9$  are 195.

(1) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}c+3\right)(c+3)$$

(2) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}c - 3\right)(c - 3)$$

(3) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}c - 3\right)(c + 3)$$

(4) 
$$\left(c - \frac{1}{3}\right)(3c + 1)$$

- 195.
- 196. If Rs. 810 divided among A, B and C are in ratio  $\frac{1}{4}:\frac{2}{5}:\frac{3}{8}$  then the share of A will be
  - (1) Rs 100
  - (2) Rs 160
  - (3) Rs 550
  - (4) Rs 200
- 196. *′*
- 197. The radius of a wheel is 0.25m. The number of revolution to travel a distance of 11 km will be
  - (1) 1000
  - (2) 4000
  - (3) 8000
  - (4) 7000
- 197.
- 198. Sum of odd numbers between 0 and 50 is
  - (1) 625
  - (2) 600
  - (3) 900
  - (4) 1200
- 198. 1
- 199. A father is 7 times as old as his son. Two years ago, the father was 13 times as old as his son. Father's present age is
  - (1) 24 years
  - (2) 28 years
  - (3) 30 years
  - (4) 32 years
- 199. 2
- 200. The areas of three adjacent faces of a cuboid are a,b and c respectively. Twice of its volume is
  - (1) 2abc m<sup>3</sup>
  - (2)  $2 a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \text{ m}^3$
  - (3)  $2 \ abc \ m^3$
  - (4)  $6 \ abc \ m^3$
- 200. 3