JNU MCA - 2007

1. Consider the following function of a complex variable $-f_1(z) = \begin{cases} (R_e(z^2))^2/|z|^2 & \text{if } z \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } z = 0 \end{cases}$ and

 $f_2(z) = |z|^2$, where $R_e(z)$ is the real part of z. Let the two statements

- (I) $f_1(z)$ is continuous at z = 0
- (II) $f_2(z)$ is analytic at z = 0

Of the following, identify the correct statement

- (a) I is true but II is false
- (b) II is true but I is false
- (c) Both I and II are true
- (d) Both I and II are false
- 2. If X is uniformly distributed over (0, 10), the probability that 1 < X < 6 is
 - (a) 3/10
- (b) 1/10
- (c) 5/10
- (d) None of these
- 3. The area of triangle formed by the vertices (p, q+r),
 - (q, p+r), (r, p+q) is
 - (a) p + q + r
- (b) pq + qr + rp
- (c) 0
- (d) None of these
- 4. The volume of the tetrahedron included between the plane 3x + 4y 5z = 60 and the coordinate planes in cubic units is
 - (a) 60
- (b) 600
- (c) 720
- (d) None of these
- 5. What would happen if we apply the following statements to the linked list as below?



temp = plist

loop (temp>link not null)

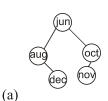
temp = temp > link

endloop

temp>link = plist

- (a) List will become circular
- (b) Last element will be deleted
- (c) plist will point to last node
- (d) None of these

- 6. The length of the line joining two points on the parabola $y^2 = x$ which is bisected at (1, 2) is
 - (a) $\sqrt{51}$
- (b) $3\sqrt{51}$
- (c) $4\sqrt{51}$
- (d) $2\sqrt{51}$
- 7. If a = i + j + k, a.b = 1, $a \times b = j k$, then b is equal to
 - (a) 2i
- (b) *i*
- (c) 2i j
- (d) 2i k
- 8. The shortest distance of (0, 0) from the curve $y = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$ is
 - (a) 1/2
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) None of these
- 9. In an arithmetic progression, the first term is 2, the last term is 29 and the sum is 155. The difference is
 - (a) 3
- (b) 5
- (c) 4
- (d) 2
- **10**. The AVL Tree (Height Balanced Tree) corresponding to the input sequence "Jun, aug, dec, nov, oct" is



aug (nov)

(b) nov

(c) (d) None of these

	In an undirected complete graph with 5 vertices, the number of edges must be equal to (a) 5 (b) 10 (c) 20 (d) 15 Let $f:R \to R$ and $f(x) = \log_e x, R$ being the set of	22.	The number of distinct terms in the expansion of $(x^1 + x^2 + x^3 + + x^n)^3$ is (a) $^{n+1}C_3$ (b) $^{n+2}C_3$
14.	real numbers, then		(c) $^{n+3}C_3$ (d) $^{n+4}C_3$
	(a) f is onto (b) f is one-one	23 .	The sum of the series $\frac{\cos \theta}{4} + \frac{\cos 2\theta}{4^2} + \frac{\cos 3\theta}{4^3} + \dots$
	(c) f is invertible (d) None of these		will be equal to
13.	Assume that either $ z =1$ or $ \omega =1$ and $\bar{z} \omega \neq 1$, where		
	z , ω are complex numbers and \bar{z} is the conjugate of z .		(a) $\frac{4\cos\theta - 1}{17 - 8\cos\theta}$ (b) $\frac{2\cos\theta + 4}{19 - \cos\theta}$
	The value of $\left \frac{z - \omega}{1 - \overline{z} \omega} \right $ is		(c) $\frac{\cos \theta}{2 + \cos \theta}$ (d) None of these
	(a) $\sqrt{2}$ (b) $\sqrt{3}$ (c) $\sqrt{3/2}$ (d) None of these	24 .	The number of real solutions of the equation
	•		$\tan^{-1} \sqrt{x(x+1)} + \sin^{-1} \sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)} = \pi/2$ is
14.	The number of solutions of $10^{2/x} + 25^{1/x}$		(a) zero (b) one
	$=\left(\frac{65}{8}\right)(50^{1/x})$ is	2.5	(c) two (d) infinite
	(a) zero (b) four	25.	Let the two statements (I) $\sin 100 \sin 500 \sin 700 = 1/8$
	(c) two (d) infinite		$\cos\theta \sin\theta + a \qquad b$
15 .	The quadratic equation whose roots are reciprocal of		(II) If $\frac{\cos \theta}{a} = \frac{\sin \theta}{b}$, then $\frac{a}{\sec 2\theta} + \frac{b}{\csc 2\theta} = a$
	the roots of the equation $x^3 - 3x + 2 = 0$ is		Of the following, identify the correct statement
	(a) $3x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$ (b) $2x^2 - x - 1 = 0$		(1) Both I and II are true
4.	(c) $x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$ (d) None of these		(2) Both I and II are false
16.	A student is allowed to select at the most n books from a collection of $(2n+1)$ books. If the total		(3) I is true but II is false
	number of ways in which he can select a book is 63 ,	26	(4) I is false but II is true The number of solutions of the equation
	the value of n is	20.	$\tan x + \sec x = 2\cos x$, lying in the interval [0, 2π] is
	(a) 1 (b) 7 (c) 5 (d) 3		(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3
17 .	(a) 1 (b) 7 (c) 5 (d) 3 The sum of the series $1 + \frac{5}{3} + \frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{7}{6} + \frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{7}{6} \cdot \frac{9}{8}$ is equal	27 .	The statement $p \rightarrow q$ is equivalent to
	5 5 0 5 0 8 to		(a) $\sim p$ conjunction q (b) $\sim p$ disjunction q
	(a) $3\sqrt{2}$ (b) $9\sqrt{3}$		(c) p conjunction $\sim q$ (d) p disjunction $\sim q$
	(c) $5\sqrt{7}$ (d) None of these	20	
1Ω	The value of $\frac{\log_2 24}{\log_{96} 2} - \frac{\log_2 192}{\log_{12} 2}$ is	28.	If for a triangle ABC, $\begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ b & c & a \\ c & a & b \end{vmatrix} = 0$, then
10.	The value of $\frac{1}{\log_{96} 2} - \frac{1}{\log_{12} 2}$ is		·
	(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3		$\sin^3 A + \sin^3 B + \sin^3 C$ is equal to
19 .	If $P(n)$ is the statement ${}^{n} n(n+1)(n+2)$ is divisible		(a) $\sin A + \sin B + \sin C$ (b) $3\sin A \sin B \sin C$
	by 12", then which of the following is not true?		(c) $\sin 3A + \sin 3B + \sin 3C$
	(a) $P(2)$ (b) $P(3)$ (c) $P(4)$ (d) $P(5)$		(d) $\sin^3 A \sin^3 B \sin^3 C$
20 .	Let f be a function defined on $[0, 2]$, then the	29 .	A ship arrives at a port and 40sailors on board go
	function $g(x) = f(9x^2 - 1)$ has domain		ashore for revelry. Later at night, the 40 sailors
	(a) [0, 2] (b) [-1/3, 1/3]		return to the ship and in their state of inebriation, each chooses a random cabin to sleep in. What is
21	(c) [-3, 3] (d) None of these		the expected number of sailors sleeping in their
41.	If a, b, c are the sides of a triangle, then the value of		own cabin?
	the expression $\frac{a}{b+c} + \frac{c}{c+a} + \frac{c}{a+b}$ is equal to		(a) 1/40 (b) 1/4 (c) (1/40) ¹⁰ (d) Name of those
	(a) 1 (b) $3/2$ (c) 2 (d) $5/2$		(c) $(1/40)^{10}$ (d) None of these

3 0.	The complete solution of the equation		(a) $1:2$ (b) $2:1$
	$7\cos^2 x + \sin x \cos x - 3 = 0$ is given by		(c) 1 : 3 (d) None of these
	(a) $n\pi + \pi/2 (n \in I)$	38 .	The orthocentre of the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$,
	(b) $n\pi - \pi/2 (n \in I)$		(3, 0), (0, 4) is
	(c) $n\pi + \tan^{-1}(4/3)(n \in I)$		(a) $(0, 0)$ (b) $(3/2, 2)$
	(d) $n\pi + 3\pi/4$, $k\pi + \tan^{-1}(4/3)(n, k \in I)$		(c) $(1, 4/3)$ (d) None of these
31.	The choice of throwing 12 in a single throw with three dice is (a) 12/216 (b) 21/216	39.	How many ROM bits would be required to build an 8-bit adder/subtractor with mode control, carry input, carry output and two's complement overflow output?
	(c) 15/216 (d) 25/216		
32 .	If $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{5 + 3\sin x} = \lambda \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$, then the value of λ is	40	(a) $2^{12} *10$ (b) $2^{14} *10$ (c) $2^{16} *10$ (d) $2^{18} *10$ A straight line is drawn through the center O of the
	given by	40.	a straight line is drawn through the center of of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 2ax$ parallel to $x + 2y = 0$ and
	(a) 1 (b) 1/2 (c) 1/3 (d) 1/4		intersecting the circle at A and B . The area of the
33.	Using hamming code error detection with the		$\triangle AOB$ is
	information bit size of five bits the size of the total message using parity bits becomes		(a) $\frac{a^2}{\sqrt{5}}$ (b) $\frac{a^3}{\sqrt{5}}$ (c) $\frac{a^2}{\sqrt{3}}$ (d) $\frac{a^2}{\sqrt{2}}$
	(a) 6 (b) 7 (c) 8 (d) 9	41.	The area of the portion of the circle
34.	Suppose there are 15 different types of coupons and suppose that each time one obtains a coupon, it is		$x^2 + y^2 - 4y = 0$ lying below the x-axis is
	equally likely to be any one of the 15 types. The		(a) 24π (b) 42π (c) 82π (d) 0
	expected number of different types that are contained	42.	If $ax + hy + gz = 0$, $hx + by + fz = 0$, $gx + fy + cz = 0$,
	in the set of 5 coupons is		then
	(a) $15 \left[1 - \left(\frac{14}{15} \right)^5 \right]$ (b) $15 \left[1 - \left(\frac{14}{15} \right) \right]^5$		(a) $\frac{x^2}{bc - f^2} = \frac{y^2}{ca - g^2} = \frac{z^2}{ab - h^2}$
	(c) $5 \left[1 - \left(\frac{14}{15} \right) \right]^5$ (d) None of these		(b) $(bc - f^2)(ca - g^2)(ab - h^2)$ = $(fg - ch)(gh - af)(hf - bg)$
25			$(c)(bc-f^{2})(ca-g^{2})(ab-h^{2})$
<i>3</i> 3.	The joint density of X and Y is given by		= (fg + ch)(gh + af)(hf + bg)
	$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} y e^{-xy}, & 0 < x < \infty, 0 < y < 2\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$		(d) $(bc + f^2)(ca + g^2)(ab + h^2)$
			= (fg - ch)(gh - af)(hf - bg)
	The value of $E \left[e^{X/2} Y = 1 \right]$ is equal to	43.	Which one of the following is an invalid stated in an 8421 counter?
	(a) e^{-x} (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) e^{x}		(a) 1100 (b) 0010
36 .	The degree and order of differential equation		(c) 0101 (d) 1000
	$\sqrt{2\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3 + 4} = \left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{3/2} \text{ are respectively}$	44.	The parametric equations
			$x = \frac{a}{2}(\lambda + 1/\lambda); y = \frac{b}{2}(\lambda - 1/\lambda)$
	(a) order 2 dagrae 2 (b) order 1 dagrae 2		<u> </u>

where λ is a parameter, represents

(b) a parabola

(d) a hyperbola

(a) a straight line

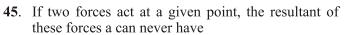
(c) an ellipse

(a) order 2, degree 3 (b) order 1, degree 3

(c) order 3, degree 2 (d) order 3, degree 1

37. If sum of the areas of a cube and a sphere is constant,

the ratio of an edge of the cube to the diameter of the sphere, when the sum of their volume is minimum, is



- (a) The magnitude of either of these forces
- (b) The direction of either of these forces
- (c) a magnitude that is less than that of either of these
- (d) a magnitude that is greater than the algebraic sum of these forces.
- **46**. To implement the expression $\overline{A}BCD + ABC\overline{D}$ +ABCD, is take one OR gate and
 - (a) one AND gate
 - (b) three AND gates
 - (c) three AND gates and four inverters
 - (d) three AND gates and three inverters
- 47. If the foci of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{h^2} = 1$ and the

hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{144} - \frac{y^2}{81} = \frac{1}{25}$ coincide, then the value of

- b^2 is
- (a) 3
- (b) 16
- (c) 9
- (d) 12
- 48. What will be the effect of the following program in C

include < stdio. h>

main()

int a[10], *p;

p = a;

a[0] = 1;

a[1] = 2;

(*p) + +;

teturn (0);

- (a) Value of a[0] will be 1 and a[1] will be 2
- (b) Value of a[0] will be 2 and a[1] will be 2
- (c) Value of a[0] will be 1 and a[1] will be 3
- (d) Value of a[0] will be 3 and a[1] will be 3
- **49**. If aline makes α , β , γ , δ with four diagonals of a cube, then $\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \gamma + \cos^2 \delta$ is equal to
 - (a) 1/3
- (b) 2/3
- (c) 4/3
- (d) 8/3
- **50.** A J-K flip-flop with J = 1 and K = 1 has 10 kHzclock input. The output is
 - (a) constantly high
- (b) constantly low
- (c) a 10-kHz square wave
- (d) a 5-kHz square wave
- **51.** Equation of a common tangent to the curves $y^2 = 8x$ and xy = -1 is
 - (a) 3y = 9x + 2
- (b) v = 2x + 1

(c)
$$2v = x + 8$$

(d)
$$y = x + 2$$

- **52**. In the microprocessor 8085, the temporaryregister holds
 - (a) temporary results during program execution
 - (b) next address for execution
 - (c) one of the operands needed for execution
 - (d) status information
- 53. The greatest distance of point P(10,7) from the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 2y - 20 = 0$ is
 - (a) 10
- (b) 15
- (c) 5
- (d) 20
- **54.** Let a = i + 2j + k, b = i j + k, c = i + j k. A vector in the plane of a and b whose projection on c is $1/\sqrt{3}$, is
 - (a) 4i + j + 4k
- (b) 2i + j 2k
- (c) 3i + j 3k
- (d) 4i + j 4k
- 55. On a karnaugh map, grouping the 0's produces
 - (a) a POS expression (b) an SOP expression
- (c) AND-OR logic (d) a 'don't care' dondition 56. The value of p such that the unit vectors

$$\vec{\mathbf{a}} = \frac{2\hat{i} + p\hat{j} + \hat{k}}{\sqrt{5 + p^2}} \text{ and } \vec{\mathbf{b}} = \frac{\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}}{\sqrt{14}} \text{ are orthogonal}$$

- (a) 2/5
- (b) 5/2
- (c) 3/7
- (d) 2/7
- **58**. Assuming that ϕ is the angle of friction, the least force which moves a weight W along a rough horizontal plane is
 - (a) $W \sin \phi$
- (b) $W \cos \phi$
- (c) $W \tan \phi$
- (d) None of these
- **59**. The centre of gravity of the volume formed by the revolution of the protion of the parabola $v^2 = 4ax$. cut off by the ordinate x = h along x-axis is

(a)
$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{4}h, \bar{y} = 0$$

(a)
$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{4}h$$
, $\bar{y} = 0$
(b) $\bar{x} = \frac{3}{4}h$, $\bar{y} = 0$
(c) $\bar{x} = 0$, $\bar{y} = \frac{2}{3}h$
(d) $\bar{x} = \frac{2}{3}h$, $\bar{y} = 0$

(c)
$$\bar{x} = 0$$
, $\bar{y} = \frac{2}{3}h$

(d)
$$\bar{x} = \frac{2}{3}h, \bar{y} = 0$$

- **60**. With every bit added the magnitude of the number
 - (a) increases by 2
- (b) decreases by 2
- (c) multiplies by 2
- (d) divides by 2
- **61**. A uniform chain of length L and mass M is lying on a smooth table and one-third of its length is hanging vertically down over the edge of the table. If g is the acceleration due to gravity, the work required to pull the hanging part on the table is
 - (a) MgL
- (b) MgL/3
- (c) MgL/9
- (d) MgL/18

62.
$$\int_0^1 \frac{3x}{(x+1)(x-2)}$$
 is given by

(a) log 2

(b $1/3 \log 2$

(c) $1/2 \log 2$

(d) log 1/2

- **63**. Is it possible for the processes to complete their execution without entering deadlock in an unsafe system?
 - (a) Not possible
 - (b) Possible but not permissible
 - (c) Possible and permissible
 - (d) None of these
- **64.** In the rational Q, the sequence $1, -2, 3, -4, 5, -6, \dots$ is
 - (a) a Cauchy sequence (b) bounded
 - (c) convergent
- (d) None of these
- 65. Let A and B be non-empty subsets of real line R. Which of the following statements would be equivalent to $\sup(A) \le \inf(B)$?
 - (a) For every a in A there exists a b in B such that $a \le b$
 - (b) There exists a in A and b in B such that $a \le b$
 - (c) For every a in A and every b in B, we have $a \le b$
 - (d) There exists a in A such that $a \le b$ for all b in B
- **66**. In a buddy memory management, memory is divided into
 - (a) fixed size fames
 - (b) variable size frames
 - (c) frame size in some power of 2
 - (d) contiguous allocation
- 67. Let $f:(1,5) \to R$ be a uniformly continuous function such that f(2) = 3 and f(4) = 6. The most we can say about the set f(1,5) is that
 - (a) it is a set which contains [3, 6]
 - (b) it is a bounded set which contains [3, 6]
 - (c) it is an open interval
 - (d) it is an interval which contains [3, 6]
- **68.** What expresses the specific number of entity occurrences associated with one occurrence of the related entity?
 - (a) Connectivity
- (b) Cardinality
- (c) Degree
- (d) None of these
- **69**. If *E* is the union of a Borel set and a null set, the best one can say about E is that is
 - (a) a Lebesgue measurable set

- (b) a Borel set
- (c) an arbitrary set
- (d) a G-delta set
- **70.** If x : y = 3 : 4, then the ratio of 7x 4y : 3x + y is
 - (a) 5/18
- (b) 13/18
- (c) 5/13
- (d) None of these
- 71. If y varies as the sum of two quantities of which one varias directly as x, and if y = 6 when x = 4, and y = 10/3 when x = 3; the equation between x and y is
 - (a) y = x 4/x
- (b) y = 2x 4/x
- (c) y = x 8/x
- (d) None of these
- 72. If $\sqrt{\log_2 x 0.5} = \log_2 \sqrt{x}$, then x equals
 - (a) 4
- (b) 8
- (c) 16
- (d) None of these
- **73**. In a paged memory system, with page size of 1 K and logical address of 18 bits, how many pages are possible ?
 - (a) 512
- (b) 1024
- (c) 256
- (d) 2096
- 74. The solution of the equation (2x + y + 1) dx + (4x + 2y 1) dy = 0 is
 - (a) $\log(2x + y 1) = C + x + y$
 - (b) $\log(4x + 2y 1) = C + 2x + y$
 - (c) $\log(2x + y + 1) + x + 2y = C$
 - (d) $\log(2x + y 1) + x + 2y = C$
- 75. The value of $\sin(2\tan^{-1}(1/3)) + \cos(\tan^{-1} 2\sqrt{2})$ is
 - (a) 12/13
- (b) 13/14
- (c) 14/15
- (d) None of these
- **76**. A relation *R* is said to be partial order if
 - (a) *R* is reflexive, symmetric and transitive
 - (b) R is reflexive, asymmetric and transitive
 - (c) R is reflexive, antisymmetric and transitive
 - (d) R is reflexive, antisymmetric but not transitive
- 77. The angle of the elevation of the sun when the length of the shadow of the pole is $\sqrt{3}$ times the height of the pole is
 - (a) 30°
- (b) 45°
- (c) 60°
- (d) 135°
- **78.** If the sum of *m* terms to the sum of *n* terms in an AP is m^2 to n^2 then the mth term to the nth terms is
 - (a) m-1: n-1
- (b) 2m+1:2n+1
- (c) 2m-1:2n-1
- (d) None of these

79. The sum of infinite series

$$1+3x+6x^2+10x^3+...+<1$$

$$(a) \frac{1}{1 - 3x}$$

(b)
$$\frac{1}{1-x^3}$$

$$(c) \frac{1}{1-x^2}$$

(a)
$$\frac{1}{1-3x}$$
 (b) $\frac{1}{1-x^3}$ (c) $\frac{1}{1-x^2}$ (d) $\frac{1}{(1-x)^3}$

80. If $f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} \sin^2 \theta & \cos^2 \theta & x \\ \cos^2 \theta & x & \sin^2 \theta \\ x & \sin^2 \theta & \cos^2 \theta \end{vmatrix} \theta \in (0, \pi/2)$ then

roots of f(x) = 0 are

- (a) 1/2, -1
- (b) 1/2, -1, 0
- (c) 1/2, 1, 0
- (d) 1/2, -1, 0
- 81. For the C program given below, what will be the output

include <stdio.h>

main()

char ar[] = "computer science" print f ("\n%c", *(ar++));

return (0);

- }
- (a) c
- (b) 0
- (c) Compile-time error message
- (d) Run-time error message
- 82. A speaks truth 3 times out of 4 AB speaks 7 times out of 10. They both assert that a white ball has been drawn from a bag containing 6 different color balls. Find the probability of the truth of the assertion
 - (a) 21/40
- (b) 35/36
- (c) 39/40
- (d) None of these
- **83**. The roots of the equation $6x^{3/4} = 7x^{1/4} 2x^{-1/4}$ are
 - (a) 4/9 and 1/9
- (b) 9/4 and 1/4
- (c) 4/9 and 1/4
- (d) None of these
- The three sides of a trapezium are equal and each being 6 cm long. The maximum area of trapezium is
 - (a) $27\sqrt{3}$
- (b) $36\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$
- (c) $72 \sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$
- (d) None of these
- 85. For a machine with 48-bit virtual address, 32-bit physical address and page size 8 K, how many entries will be three in an inverted page table?
 - (a) 2^{32}
- (b) 2^{48}
- (c) 2^{13}
- (d) 2^{19}
- **86.** If $\sin(x+3\alpha) = 3\sin(\alpha-x)$, then
 - (a) $\tan x = \tan \alpha$
- (b) $\tan x = \tan^2 \alpha$
- (c) $\tan x = \tan^3 \alpha$
- (d) $\tan x = 3 \tan \alpha$

- 87. The rule of inference stated as $a \rightarrow b$, $b \rightarrow c$ $|-a \rightarrow c|$ is known as
 - (a) modus ponens
- (b) modus tollens
- (c) syllogism
- (d) None of these
- 88. The solution of the differential equation $y(x^{2}y = e^{x}) dx - e^{x} dy = 0$ is
 - (a) $3xy^3 + e^x = cx$ (b) $xy^3 + 3e^x = cx$
 - (c) $3x^3y^3 + e^x = cx$ (d) $x^3y + 3e^x = cx$
- 89. The function f defined by $f(x) = x [1 + 1/3 \sin x]$ $(\log x^2)$, $x \neq 0$, f(0) = 0 ([] represents the greatest integer function) is
 - (a) continuous and differentiable at origin
 - (b) not continuous but differentiable
 - (c) continuous but not differentiable
 - (d) not continuous and not differentiable
- **90**. If f is twice differentiable function such that f''(x) = -f(x), f'(x) = g(x) and $h(x) = [f(x)]^2 + [g(x)]^2$, also if h(5) = 11, then h(10) is equal to
 - (a) 22
- (b) 121
- (c) 16
- (d) None of these
- **91**. $\tan A 2 \tan 2A + 4 \tan 4A + 8 \cot 8A$ is equal to
 - (a) $\tan 2A$
- (b) $\cot A$
- (c) $\sin 3A$
- (d) None of these
- 92. The isolated mapped IO scheme resulted in introduction of one more pin M/IO. It helps in
 - (a) isolating memory with the IO devices
 - (b) increasing the number of addressable memory locations
 - (c) increasing the number of 10 devices
 - (d) All of the above
- 93. In four throws with a pair of dice, what is the chance of throwing doublets at least twice?
 - (a) 1/144
- (b) 25/144
- (c) 19/144
- (d) 26/144
- **94.** If $x = \cos \theta$, $y = \sin^3 \theta$, then which of the following equations is true?

(a)
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin^2\theta \left(5\cos^2\theta - 1\right)$$

(b)
$$y \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} = 3\sin^2\theta (5\cos^2\theta - 1)$$

(c)
$$y \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = 3\sin^2\theta (5\cos^2\theta - 1)$$

(d) None of these

95.	If a file of size $n = 1000$ takes, on an average, 3 ms for
	searching an item using binary search algorithm,
	then approximately, how much time, on an average,
	would it take to search an item in a file of size
	n = 10000000000?

- (a) 9000000 ms
- (b) 9 ms
- (c) 3000000 ms
- (d) None of these

- (a) 30 K
- (b) 512 K
- (c) 15
- (d) 60 K

97. The value of
$$\int \frac{x}{\sec x + 1} dx$$
 is

(a)
$$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{x^2}{2} \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2\log(\sec x)$$

(b)
$$\frac{x^2}{2} - x \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2\log(\sec x/2)$$

$$(c)\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^2}{2}\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2\log(\sec x)$$

- (d) None of these
- 98. An entity and its subclasses and their subclasses and so on are called as
 - (a) type hierarchy
- (b) range hierarchy
- (c) inheritance
- (d) None of these

99. The value of
$$\int \frac{x - \sin x}{1 - \cos x} dx$$
 is

(a)
$$-\frac{x^2}{2}\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$
 (b) $\frac{x^2}{2}\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

(b)
$$\frac{x^2}{2} \cot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

(c)
$$-x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$
 (d) $x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$

(d)
$$x \cot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

100. The limit of
$$A^x \sin\left(\frac{B}{A^x}\right)$$
 where $x \to \infty$ and $0 < A < 1$ is

- (a) B
- (b) 1
- (c) A

(d) 0

101. The solution of the equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x - 4y - 2}{3x - 4y - 3}$$
 is

(a)
$$(x - y)^2 + C = \log(3x - 4y + 1)$$

(b)
$$x - y + C = \log(3x - 4y + 4)$$

(c)
$$x - y + C = \log(3x - 4y - 3)$$

(d)
$$x - y + C = \log(3x - 4y + 1)$$

(a) a = a + 1 (b) a + = 1 (c) a + +

- (d) a = +1

(b)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 m/s² towards North-West

(c)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 m/s² towards North-East

(d)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 m/s² towards North

- 104. Which integrity constraint guarantees that every primary key attribute is non-null?

 - (a) Domain integrity (b) Key integrity
 - (c) Entity integrity
- (d) Referential integrity
- 105. The area of the region bounded by the curves $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ and x + y = a in the first quadrant is

(a)
$$\int_{0}^{a} \int_{a-x}^{\sqrt{a^{2}-x^{2}}} dxdy$$
 (b) $\int_{0}^{a} \int_{a-x}^{\sqrt{a^{2}-x^{2}}} dydx$

(b)
$$\int_0^a \int_{a-x}^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dy dx$$

(c)
$$\int_{a}^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dxdy$$
 (d) None of these

- **106**. Which of the following rules states that every piece of data in a relational database, can be accessed by using a combination of a table name, a primary key value of that identifies the row and the column name, which identifies the cell?
 - (a) Information rule
- (b) Non-subversion rule
- (c) Integrity rule
- (d) Guaranteed access rule

107. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -4 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and I be 3×3 unit matrix, the

rank of I - A is

- (a) 0 (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) 3
- 108. The program that combines the output of compiler with various library functions to produce an executable image is called
 - (a) loader
- (b) linker
- (c) assembler
- (d) debugger

- 109. Which of the following is false?
 - (a) If A is a square matrix, then Adj A' = (Adj A)'
 - (b) If I is the identity matrix of order n then Adj I = I
 - $(c)(A^*)^{-1} = (A^{-1})$
 - (d) If A and B are invertible, then AB = BA
- **110**. If *ABC* is not a right triangle, then the value of

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} \tan A & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \tan B & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & \tan C \end{vmatrix}$$
 is

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 0
- 111. If the expression $((2+3)\times 4+5\times (6+7)\times 8)+9$ is evaluated with × having precedence over +, then the value obtained in prefix notation for the expression will be
 - (a) $+ \times + +234 \times \times 5 + 6789$
 - (b) $\times + +234 \times \times 5 + +6789$
 - (c) $+ \times + \times 234 + + 5 \times 6789$
 - (d) None of these
- **112.** If $e^{ix} = \cos x + i \sin x$ and

$$x + iy = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & e^{\pi i/4} & e^{\pi i/3} \\ e^{-\pi i/4} & 1 & e^{2\pi i/3} \\ e^{-\pi i/3} & e^{-2\pi i/3} & e^{-2\pi i} \end{vmatrix}$$
then
$$(a) x = -1, y = \sqrt{2} \qquad (b) x = 1, y = -\sqrt{2}$$

- (c) $x = -\sqrt{2}$, $y = \sqrt{2}$ (d) None of these
- $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1+i & i \end{vmatrix}$ 113. The determinant $\begin{vmatrix} 1+i & i \end{vmatrix}$ equals
 - (a) 7 + 4i
- (b) 2-2i
- (c) -7 4i
- (d) -2 + 2i
- 114. Given an *n*-bit number, we can represent two's complement numbers in the range

- (a) 0 to 2^{n-1} (b) 0 to $2^{n-1} 1$ (c) -2^{n-1} to 2^{n-1} (d) -2^{n-1} to $2^{n-1} 1$ 115. The solution of $y^5x + y x\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ is
 - (a) $x^4/4 + 1/5(x/y)^5 = C$
 - (b) $x^{5}/5 + 1/4(x/v)^{4} = C$
 - (c) $(x/y)^5 + x^4/4 = C$
 - (d) $(xy)^4 + x^5/5 = C$
- 116. Which of the following sub-query is resolved in the top to bottom fashion?
 - (a) Nested
- (b) Parallel
- (c) Correlated
- (d) None of these
- 117. The number of irrational solutions of the equation

$$\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 11}} + \sqrt{x^2 - \sqrt{x^2 + 11}} = 4$$
 is

- (a) 0
- (b) 2
- (c) 4
- (d) indefinite
- 118. The term independent of x in the expansion of $(2x^2 - 1/x)^{12}$ is
 - (a) 7910
- (b) 7920
- (c) 7930
- (d) 7900
- 119. A and B throw with one die for a stake of Rs 11 which is to be won by the player who first throws 6. If A has the first throw, what is the expectation of his winning the stake?
 - (a) 5/11
- (b) 15/26
- (c) 6/11
- (d) 16/26
- 120. A river is flowing from West to East at a speed of 5 metres per minute. A man on the South bank of the river, capable of swimming at 10 metres per minute is still water, wants to swim across the river in the shortest time. He should swim in a direction
 - (a) towards North
- (b) 30° East of North
- (c) 30° West of North (d) 60° East of North