## BHU MCA ENTRANCE EXAM - 2014

1. Let $f(x)=|x|$ and $g(x)=\left|x^{3}\right|$, then at $x=0$ :
(a) $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are both continuous
(b) $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are both differentiable
(c) $f(x)$ is differentiable but $g(x)$ is not differentiable
(d) $f(x)$ is not continuous but $g(x)$ is continuous
2. $\lim _{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x+x^{2}+\ldots \ldots \ldots . . x^{a}-n}{x-1}$ is
(a) 0
(b) $n$
(c) $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$
(d) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$
3. The value of the derivative of $|x-1|+|x-3|$ at $x=2$ is :
(a) cannot be found
(b) -2
(c) 0
(d) 2
4. If $x^{m} y^{n}=(x+y)^{m+n}$, then $\frac{d y}{d x}$ is equal to :
(a) $\frac{y}{x}$
(b) $\frac{p y}{q x}$
(c) $\frac{g y}{p x}$
(d) $\frac{x}{y}$
5. If $3^{x}+3^{y}=3^{x+y}$, then the value of $\frac{d y}{d x}$ at $x=1, y=1$ is :
(a) -1
(b) 0
(c) 1
(d) 3
6. If $\left|\begin{array}{lll}a & b & 0 \\ 0 & a & b \\ b & a & 0\end{array}\right|=0$, then
(a) $a=b=-1$
(b) $a=b=1$
(c) $\frac{a}{b}$ is a cube root of unity
(d) $\frac{a}{b}$ is a cube root of -1
7. If $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ are the roots of the equation $x^{3}+p x+q=0$ (with $p \neq 0, q \neq 0$ ), then the value of the determinant :
$\left|\begin{array}{lll}\alpha & \beta & \gamma \\ \beta & \gamma & \alpha \\ \gamma & \alpha & \beta\end{array}\right|$ is :
(a) 0
(b) $p$
(c) q
(d) $p^{2}-2 q$
8. In the expansion of $\left(x^{3}-\frac{1}{x^{2}}\right)^{15}$, the term independent of x is :
(a) $-{ }^{15} \mathrm{C}_{9}$
(b) 0
(c) 1
(d) ${ }^{15} C_{9}$
9. If the coefficients of the middle term in the expansion of $(1+x)^{2 n+2}$ is p and the coefficient of middle terms in the expansion of $(1+x)^{2 n+1}$ are q and r , then :
(a) $p=q+r$
(b) $q=q+r$
(c) $r=p+q$
(d) $2 p=q+r$
10. Arithmetic Mean of 10 consecutive natural numbers is ' $M$ ', then the Arithmetic Mean of the next 10 consecutive natural numbers is :
(a) can not be found
(b) M
(c) $M+5$
(d) $M+10$
11. If $G_{1}, G_{2}$ are the geometric means of two series of observations and $B$ is the geometric mean of the ratios the corresponding observations, then $G$ is equal to :
(a) $\frac{G_{1}}{G_{2}}$
(b) $\log G_{1}-\log G_{2}$
(c) $\log G_{1}$
(d) $\log \frac{G_{1}}{G_{2}}$
12. For fitting a polynomial of $K^{\text {th }}-$ degree, there should be :
(a) K normal equations in K unknowns
(b) $K$ Normal equations in $(K+1)$ unknowns
(c) $K+1$ Normal equations in $(K+1)$ unknowns
(d) $K+1$ Normal equations in $K$ unknowns
13. In an experiment, a coin is tossed twice. If the second toss results in a head, a die is rolled. The number of elements in the sample space is :
(a) 9
(b) 12
(c) 14
(d) 16
14. For two events $A, B$ associated with a random experiment, $B \subset \mathrm{~A}$, then $P(A \cap \bar{B})$ is equal to :
(a) $P(A)-P(B)$
(b) $P(A)-1+P(B)$
(c) $P(A)+1-P(B)$
(d) $P(A)-1-P(B)$
15. Which of the following statements is correct?
(a) Every LPP admits an optimal solution.
(b) Every LPP admits a unique optimal solution.
(c) Every LPP admits an infinite number of optimal solutions.
(d) If a LPP admits two optimal solutions, it has an infinite number of optimal solutions.
16. Consider the following statements

A : The set of all feasible solutions of a LPP is called the feasible region.
$B$ : The set of all feasible solutions is a convex set.
In your opinion:
(a) Only A is correct
(b) Only $B$ is correct
(c) Both A and B are correct
(d) Both $A$ and $B$ are incorrect
17. If $A$ and $B$ are two sets, then $A \cap(A \cap B)$ equals:
(a) $\phi$
(b) A
(c) B
(d) $A \cap B$
18. $A$ set contains $n$ elements. The power set contains :
(a) $n$ elements
(b) $n^{2}$ elements
(c) $2^{n}$ elements
(d) $n^{n}$ elements
19. In an examination, $60 \%$ candidates passed in Physics, $75 \%$ passed in Mathematics. If $x \%$ passed in both, then :
(a) $15 \leq x \leq 60$
(b) $15 \leq x \leq 75$
(c) $35 \leq x \leq 75$
(d) $35 \leq x \leq 60$
20. If $A=\{1,2,3\}, B=\{2,3,4\}$ and $C=\{2,4\}$, then the number of elements in $(A-B) \times(B-C)$ is
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
21. The value of $\frac{1-\tan ^{2} 15^{\circ}}{1+\tan ^{2} 15^{\circ}}$ is :
(a) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
(b) 1
(c) $\sqrt{3}$
(d) 2
22. The value of $|\sin x+\cos x|$ is
(a) $\leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
(b) $\leq \sqrt{2}$
(c) $\leq 2$
(d) $\geq \sqrt{2}$
23. In a triangle $\mathrm{ABC}, \mathrm{a}=5, \mathrm{~b}=4, \angle A=60^{\circ}$, then c is the root of the equation :
(a) $c^{2}+4 c+9=0$
(b) $c^{2}+4 c-9=0$
(c) $c^{2}-4 c-9=0$
(d) $c^{2}-4 c+9=0$
24. If the angles of a triangle are in the ratio $3: 2: 1$, the corresponding sides are in the ratio :
(a) $1: 2: 3$
(b) $1: \frac{1}{2}: \sqrt{3}$
(c) $2: \sqrt{3}: 1$
(d) $3: 2: 1$
25. In a triangle $\mathrm{ABC}, \frac{b+c}{8}=\frac{c+a}{9}=\frac{a+b}{7}$, then the value of $\cos \mathrm{C}$ is :
(a) 0
(b) $\frac{3}{5}$
(c) $\frac{4}{5}$
(d) 1
26. The least possible value of n for which $\left(\frac{1-i}{1+i}\right)^{n}$ is real is :
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
27. If $w$ is the cube root of unity, then $w, w^{2}$ are the roots of :
(a) $z^{2}+z+1=0$
(b) $z^{2}-z+1=0$
(c) $z^{2}-z-1=0$
(d) $z^{2}+z-1=0$
28. If $z+z^{-1}+1=0$, then $z^{200}+z^{-200}$ is equal to :
(a) -i
(b) i
(c) 1
(d) -1
29. The number of vectors of unit length perpendicular to the vectors $\hat{\imath}+\hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}$ and $\hat{\imath}+\hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}$ is :
(a) 2
(b) 1
(c) 3
(d) infinite
30. A force $\bar{F}=2 \hat{\imath}-\hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}$ is acting at a point which is displaced from point $A$ to $B$. If the position vectors of $A$ and $B$ are $2 \hat{\imath}+\hat{\jmath}+2 \hat{k}$ and $3 \hat{\imath}-\hat{\jmath}+2 \hat{k}$ respectively, the work done by the force is :
(a) 2 units
(b) 3 units
(c) 4 units
(d) 5 units
31. A force $\bar{P}=\hat{\imath}-2 \hat{\jmath}+3 \hat{k}$ is acting at a point $A$ whose position relative to origin is $\hat{\imath}+\hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}$. The moment of the force about the origin is :
(a) $\hat{\imath}+2 \hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}$
(b) $\hat{\imath}-2 \hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}$
(c) $\hat{\imath}+\hat{\jmath}-2 \hat{k}$
(d) $\hat{\imath}+\hat{\jmath}+2 \hat{k}$
32. If the vectors $\vec{a}=3 \hat{\imath}+\hat{\jmath}-3 \hat{k}, \vec{b}=-\hat{\imath}+3+4 \hat{k}$ and $\vec{c}=4 \hat{\imath}-2 \hat{\jmath}+\lambda \hat{k}$ form the sides of a triangle, then the value of $\lambda$ is :
(a) 2
(b) -4
(c) -6
(d) 6
33. A rigid body is rotating at 2.5 radians per second about an axis $A B$, where $A$ and $B$ are points $\hat{\imath}-2 \hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}$ and $3 \hat{\imath}+4 \hat{\jmath}+2 \hat{k}$. The velocity of the particle $P$ of the body at the point $\hat{\imath}-\hat{\jmath}-\hat{k}$ is
(a) $\hat{\imath}-5 \hat{\jmath}+6 \hat{k}$
(b) $-2 \hat{\imath}+13 \hat{\jmath}+8 \hat{k}$
(c) $2 \hat{\imath}-\hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}$
(d) $5 \hat{\imath}-4 \hat{\jmath}+6 \hat{k}$
34. Find 'a' such that the vectors $2 \hat{\imath}-\hat{\jmath}+\hat{k}, \hat{\imath}+2 \hat{\jmath}-3 \hat{k}$ and $3 \hat{\imath}+a \hat{\jmath}+5 \hat{k}$ are coplanar :
(a) -4
(b) 4
(c) -2
(d) 2
35. Weights of $1 \mathrm{gm}, 2 \mathrm{gm}, \ldots .100 \mathrm{gm}$ are hanging at marks $1,2, \ldots .100$ of a metre-scale. The scale will be balanced at the point marked as :
(a) 50
(b) 60
(c) 65
(d) 67
36. A body of weight 4 kg rests in limiting equilibrium on an inclined plane whose slope is $30^{\circ}$. The normal reactions and co-efficient of frictions are, respectively :
(a) $2 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~kg}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
(b) $2 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~kg}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
(c) $3 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~kg}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
(d) $3 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~kg}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
37. The semi-vertical angle of cone of friction is $30^{\circ}$. The coefficient of friction is :
(a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
(b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
(c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
(d) $\frac{1}{3}$
38. A uniform rod rests entirely with in a smooth spherical bowl. Its inclination to the horizontal is :
(a) $0^{\circ}$
(b) $30^{\circ}$
(c) $35^{\circ}$
(d) $45^{\circ}$
39. A body travelling along a straight line traversed one-third the distance with a velocity of $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. the remaining part of the distance was covered with velocity $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ for half the time and with velocity $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ for the other half of the time.
The average velocity of the body over the whole time of motion will be
(a) $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(b) $2.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(c) $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
(d) $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
40. A projectile is thrown with an initial velocity $\bar{v}=(p \hat{\imath}+q \hat{\jmath})$ $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$. If the range of the projectile is double the maximum height reached by it, then :
(a) $p=2 q$
(b) $q=4 p$
(c) $q=2 p$
(d) $q=p$
41. The position of a particle $x$ (in metres) at a time $t$ second is given by the relation :

$$
\vec{r}=3+\hat{\imath}-t^{2} \hat{\jmath}+4 \hat{k}
$$

The magnitude of velocity (in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ ) of the particle after 5 seconds is :
(a) $\sqrt{102}$
(b) $\sqrt{109}$
(c) $\sqrt{110}$
(d) $\sqrt{113}$
42. If $\frac{1}{b+c}, \frac{1}{c+a}, \frac{1}{a+b}$ are in AP, then :
(a) a, b, c are in AP
(b) a, b, c are in HP
(c) $a^{2}, b^{2}, c^{2}$ are in AP
(d) $\frac{1}{a}, \frac{1}{b}, \frac{1}{c}$ are in AP
43. If $\frac{1}{1^{2}}+\frac{1}{2^{2}}+\frac{1}{3^{2}}+\ldots . .=\frac{\pi^{2}}{6}$, Then $\frac{1}{1^{2}}+\frac{1}{3^{2}}+\frac{1}{5^{2}}+\ldots .$. equals :
(a) $\frac{\pi^{2}}{8}$
(b) $\frac{\pi^{2}}{9}$
(c) $\frac{\pi^{2}}{12}$
(d) $\frac{\pi^{2}}{18}$
44. If $s=1+a+a^{2}+\ldots \ldots,(a<1)$, then $a=$ ?
(a) $\frac{s}{s-1}$
(b) $\frac{s}{1-s}$
(c) $\frac{s-1}{s}$
(d) $\frac{1-s}{s}$
45. The sum of integers from 1 to 60 that are divisible by 2 or 3 is
(a) 330
(b) 1230
(c) 1560
(d) 1830
46. The fifth, tenth and fifteenth terms of a GP are $p, q, r$ respectively. Then :
(a) $p^{2}=q r$
(b) $q^{2}=p r$
(c) $r^{2}=p q$
(d) $\mathrm{pqr}=1$
47. The sum of $n$ terms of $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{4}+\frac{7}{8}+\frac{15}{16}+\ldots \ldots$... is :
(a) $n+2^{n}-1$
(b) $n+2^{-n}-1$
(c) $n-2^{-2}-1$
(d) $n-2^{n}-1$
48. The value of $\sum_{r=1}^{a} \frac{P_{r}^{a}}{r!}$ is:
(a) $2^{n-1}$
(b) $2^{n}$
(c) $2^{n}-1$
(d) $2^{n-1}+1$
49. The sum of the digits in the unit place of all the four digit numbers formed with $2,3,4,5$ taken all at a time, is :
(a) 14
(b) 42
(c) 84
(d) 336
50. The area of the figure bounded by the curve $y=e^{x}, e^{-x}$ and the straight line $x=1$ is :
(a) $e+e^{-1}$
(b) $e+e^{-1}-2$
(c) $e+e^{-1}-1$
(d) $e-e^{-1}+1$
51. The orthocenter of the triangle formed by $x=3, y=4$ and $4 x+3 y=12$ is at the point :
(a) $(3,0)$
(b) $(0,4)$
(c) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2\right)$
(d) $(3,4)$
52. The lines represented by the equation $A x^{2}+2 B x y+$ $C y^{2}=0$ are perpendicular, if:
(a) $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}=0$
(b) $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{C}=0$
(c) $B+C=0$
(d) $A C=-1$
53. The medians $A D$ and $B E$ of the triangle $A B C$ with vertices $A(0, b), B(0,0)$ and $C(a, 0)$ are mutually perpendicular is :
(a) $a=b$
(b) $a b=-1$
(c) $\mathrm{a}= \pm \sqrt{2}$
(d) $b= \pm \sqrt{2} a$
54. The circle $x^{2}+y^{2}-4 x-6 y-12=0$ cuts an intercept on x -axis of length :
(a) 8
(b) 6
(c) 4
(d) 2
55. The circles $x^{2}+y^{2}=1$ and $x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x-2 y-1=0$ :
(a) do not intersect
(b) touch internally
(c) touch externally
(d) intersect at two points
56. The vertex of the parabola $y^{2}-6 x-2 y+13=0$ is :
(a) $(-2,-1)$
(b) $(-2,1)$
(c) $2,-1$ )
(d) $(2,1)$
57. If $(a, 1)$ is the mid-point of a chord passing though the vertex of the parabola $y^{2}=4 x$, then :
(a) $2 a=1$
(b) $a=1$
(c) $a=2$
(d) $a^{2}=1$
58. P is a variable point on the ellipse $\frac{x^{3}}{a^{3}}+\frac{y^{2}}{b^{2}}=1$ with $A A^{\prime}$ as the major axis. Then the maximum value of the area of the triangle APA' is :
(a) $\frac{1}{2} a b$
(b) ab
(c) $2 a b$
(d) None of these
59. The line $x=a t^{2}$ meets the ellipse at real points if, and only if :
(a) $|t| \leq 1$
(b) $|t| \leq 2$
(c) $|t| \geq 2$
(d) $|t| \geq 1$
60. If $x=5$ is the chord of contact of the hyperbola $x^{2}-y^{2}=$ a, then the equation of the corresponding pair of tangents is :
(a) $25 x^{3}-16 y^{2}-90 x-81=0$
(b) $25 x^{3}-16 y^{2}-90 x+81=0$
(c) $25 x^{3}-16 y^{2}+90 x+81=0$
(d) $25 x^{3}-16 y^{2}+90 x-81=0$
61. The ASCII is a :
(a) 7 bit code
(b) 12 bit code
(c) 4 bit code
(d) 6 bit code
62. Which is the correct sequence of steps in the operation of a basic computer ?
(a) processor
(b) input device
(c) output device
(d) memory
63. The contents of an 8-bit regiater are \|\|\| \|\|\|. If the represented number is in signed -1 's complement form, the decimal equivalent of the number is :
(a) -127
(b) 127
(c) 128
(d) -0
64. USB stands for :
(a) Universal Standard Bus
(b) Universal Serial Bus
(c) Unified Standard Bus
(d) Uniform Serial Bus
65. Level 1 cache is a form of :
(a) processor
(b) input device
(c) output device
(d) memory
66. The number of bits required to encode 30 pieces of information is
(a) 4
(b) 5
(c) 6
(d) 7
67. Which of the following is not a valid library function in the C programming language ?
(a) peek ()
(b) poke ()
(c) atoc ()
(d) malloc ()
68. What is the output of the following C-program ? \# include < stdio. h >
void main ()
\{
Char letter '?' ;
Print f("/ n\% c", letter) ;
\}
(a) z
(b) 90 .
(c) Error
(d) Garbage value
69. Specify the output of the following C- program :
\# include < stdio. h >
Void main ()
\{
Int $a=10, b=20$;
Char $x=1, y=0$;
If ( $a, b, x, y$ )
\{
Print f ("EXAM") ;
\}
\}
(a) AM is printed
(b) EXA is printed
(c) Compile error
(d) None of the above
70. Hexadecimal equivalent of Octal 1217 is :
(a) 1217
(b) 028 F
(c) 2297
(d) OB17
71. In a certain code language 'COMPUTRONE' is written as 'PMOCTUENOR'. How is 'ADVANTAGES' written in the same code?
(a) IDUJLAIC
(b) AVDATNSEGA
(d) ADVATNSAGE
(d) AVDANTSEGA
72. If $\mathrm{CAT}=12$ then $\mathrm{MAN}=$ ?
(a) 14
(b) 24
(c) 16
(d) None of these
73. If 'Lily' is called 'Lotus', 'Lotus' is called 'Rose', 'ROSE is called 'Sunflower' and 'Sunflower is called 'Marigold', then which will be the national flower of India?
(a) Lily
(b) Lotus
(c) Rose
(d) Marigold

Directions (Q. No. 74-76) : In each of the following questions, there is certain relationship between two given words on one side of ": $:$ " and one word is given on the other side of it, while another word is to be selected from the given alternatives having the same relationship with the word, as the words of the given pair bear.
Chosse the correct alternatives :
74. Malaria : Disease :: Spear : ?
(a) Wound
(b) Sword
(c) Weapon
(d) Death
75. Food : Stomach :: Fuel : ?
(a) Engine
(b) Plane
(c) Truck
(d) Automobile
76. Five : Ashes : : Explosion : ?
(a) Flame
(b) Death
(c) Sound
(d) Debris

Directions (Q. Nos. 77-83) : The following questions consist of two words that have certain relationship between each other, followed by four letter pairs of words. Select the related pair that has the same relationship as the original pair of words :
77. Fodder : Cattle : : ?
(a) Pen : Ink
(b) Ball : Stick
(c) Fruit : Juice
(d) Grass : Horse
78. Horse : Hoof :: ?
(a) Man : Foot
(b) Dog : Black
(c) Paise : Rupee
(d) Pen : Pencil
79. Sailor: Compass : : ?
(a) Student : Exam
(b) Doctor : Stethoscope
(c) Pen : Officer
(d) Painter : Artist
80. Cells : Cytology : : ?
(a) Worms : ornithology
(b) Insects : Entomology
(c) Discases : Physiology
(d) Tissues : Morphology
81. Sin : Crime : : ?
(a) Man : Animal
(b) Home : Court
(c) Morality : Legality
(d) Jury : Priest
82. Man : Mammal : : ?
(a) Liberty : Literate
(b) Hail : Snow
(c) Native : Inhabitant
(d) Offspring: Family
83. Spring : Elasticily : : ?
(a) Person : Whims
(b) Wool : Warmth
(c) Marketing : Advertising
(d) Radio : Broadcast

Directions : (Q. Nos. 84-90) : In each of the following questions, four pair of words are given, out of these words one pair does not bear the common relationship which rest bear. You are required to find that odd pair :
84.
(a) Needle - Prick
(b) Gun - Fire
(c) Auger - Bore
(d) Chisel - Carve
85.
(a) Lion - Roar
(b) Snake - Hiss
(c) Bees - Hum
(d) Frog - Bleat
86. (a) Dim - Bright
(b) Wrong - Right
(c) Shallow - Deep
(d) Genuine - Real
87.
(a) Oil - Lamp
(b) Water - Tap
(c) Oxygen - Life
(d) Power - Machine
88. (a) Cat - Mouse
(b) Lion - Dear
(c) Cow - Hen
(d) Hawk - Pigeon
89. (a) Captain - Team
(b) Boss - Gang
(c) Chief Minister - Cabinet
(d) Artist - Troupe
90.
(a) Hard - Soft
(b) Pointed - Blunt
(c) Sweet - Soar
(d) Long - High
91. A man starts from a point ' $X$ ' and walks 3 km southwards, then he turns left and walks 6 km . In which direction is he from the starting point ?
(a) South - West
(b) South - East
(c) West
(d) South
92. Ram and shyam start walking in opposite directions. Ram covers 6 km and Shyam 8 km . Then Ram turns right and walks 8 km and Shyam turns Left and walks 6 km . How far everyone is from the starting point?
(a) 11 km
(b) 8 km
(c) 9 km
(d) 10 km
93. If $18^{\text {th }}$ February, 2009 is a Friday, then what will be the day of $18^{\text {th }}$ February, 2011 ?
(a) Sunday
(b) Monday
(c) Tuesday
(d) Wednesday
94. Which number, in the given series, is wrong ?

160, 118, 83, 65, 34, 20
(a) 83
(b) 118
(c) 34
(d) 65
95. Find the missing number in the following :

(a) 1
(b) 26
(c) 39
(d) 45
96. If (i) ' $A-B$ ' means ' $A$ is father of $B$ '
(ii) ' $A+B$ ' means ' $A$ is daughter of $B$ '
(iii) ' $A+B$ ' means ' $A$ is son of $B$ '
(iv) ' $A \times B$ ' means ' $A$ is wife of $B$ '

Which of the following means $P$ is grandson of $S$ ?
(a) $P+Q-S$
(b) $P+Q \times S$
(c) $P+Q+S$
(d) $P \times Q+S$
97. Today is Monday. After 61 days, it will be :
(a) Wednesday
(b) Saturday
(c) Tuesday
(d) Thursday
98. Consider the statement :
$\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{BC} \geq \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{E} \leq \mathrm{F}$
Conclusions I: $\mathrm{F}>\mathrm{B}$
li : B $\geq$ D
In your opinion :
(a) Only conclusion I follows
(b) Only conclusion II follows
(c) Either conclusion I or II follows
(d) Neither conclusion I nor II follows
99. Consider the statement :

Imprisonment for 27 years made Nelson Mandela the President.

## Assumptions

I: Only who will be imprisoned for 27 years will become the President.
II : To become the President, imprisonment is a qualification.
In your opinion :
(a) Only Assumption I is implicit
(b) Only Assumption II is implicit
(c) Either I or II is implicit
(d) Neither I nor II is implicit
100. How many times are the hands of a clock at right angle in a day?
(a) 22
(b) 24
(c) 44
(d) 48
101. Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness is given by:
(a) $\frac{A M-M e d i a n}{S D}$
(b) $\frac{A M-\text { Model }}{S D}$
(c) $\frac{\text { Median-Mode }}{S D}$
(d) $\frac{A M-\text { Mode }}{\text { Median }}$
102. If standard deviation of $\left\{x_{1}, x_{2}, \ldots \ldots x_{n}\right\}$ is S , then the standand deviation of ( $1-2 x_{1}, 1-2 x_{2}, \ldots \ldots .1-2 x_{n}$ ) is equal to
(a) 1-2 S
(b) -2 S
(c) 2 S
(d) $1-S$
103. If $X$ and $Y$ are two variables such that $S D(X+Y) \geq S D$ ( $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}$ ) then :
(a) $-1 \leq r(X, Y) \leq 0$
(b) $0 \leq r(X, Y) \leq 1$
(c) $r(X, Y)=0$
(d) $r(X, Y)= \pm 1$
104. If two lines of regression of $Y$ on $X$ and $X$ on $Y$ are respectively $a_{1} x+b_{1} y+c_{1}=0$ and $a_{2} x+b_{2} y+c_{2}=0$, then :
(a) $a_{1} a_{2} \leq b_{1} b_{2}$
(b) $a_{1} b_{2} \leq a_{2} b_{1}$
(c) $a_{1} b_{2} \geq a_{2} b_{1}$
(d) $a_{1} a_{2} \leq b_{1} b_{2}$
105. For any two events $A$ and $B$, the probability that exactly one of the two events occurs, is given by :
(a) $P(A)+P(B)-P(A \cap B)$
(b) $P(A)+P(B)-2 P(A \cap B)$
(c) $1-P(A \cap B)$
(d) $1-P(A \cup B)$
106. A fair coin is tossed repeatedly. If head appears in first four tosses, then the probability of head appearing in the fifth toss is :
(a) $\frac{1}{32}$
(b) $\frac{1}{5}$
(c) $\frac{1}{2}$
(d) $\frac{31}{32}$
107. Consider the LPP :

Manimize $Z=3 x+5 y$
Subject to $x \geq 3 ; y \geq 1 ; 2 x+y \geq 5$
Redundant cohstraint in this LPP is
(a) $2 x+y \geq 5$
(b) $y \geq 1$
(c) $x \geq 3$
(d) None of these
108. Solve the LPP :

Maximize $Z=2 x+3 y$
Subject to $X \leq 3 ; y \leq 3 ; x+y \leq 5 ; x, y \geq 0$
What do you find?
(a) Optimal solution is at $x=2, y=3$; Maximum value of $Z$ = 12
(b) Optimal solution is at $x=3, y=2$; Maximum value of $Z$ = 12
(c) Optimal solution is at $x=3, y=2$; Maximum value of $Z$ $=13$
(d) Optimal solution is at $x=2, y=3$; Maximum value of $Z$ $=13$
109. If sets $A$ and $B$ are defined as:
$A=\left\{(x, y) \mid y=e^{x}, x \in R\right\}$
$B=\{(x, y) \mid y=x, x \in R\}$
Then :
(a) $A \subset B$
(b) $B \subset A$
(c) $\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{B}=\phi$
(d) $A \cup B=A$
110. In a battle $71 \%$ of the combatants lost an eye, $82 \%$ an ear, $74 \%$ an arm and $83 \%$ a leg. If $x \%$ lost all the four limbs, then the minimum value of $x$ :
(a) can not be determined
(b) 10
(c) 71
(d) None of these
111. If $\tan \theta \tan 20=1$, then $\theta=$ ?
(a) $n \pi+\frac{\pi}{6}$
(b) $n \pi \pm \frac{\pi}{6}$
(c) $2 n \pi \pm \frac{\pi}{6}$
(d) $2 n \pi \pm \frac{\pi}{6}$
112. If $\sin x+\sin 3 x+\sin 5 x=0$, then the value of $x$ such that $0<x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ is :
(a) $\frac{\pi}{12}$
(b) $\frac{\pi}{6}$
(c) $\frac{\pi}{4}$
(d) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
113. The equation $\mathrm{a} \cos \mathrm{x}+\mathrm{b} \sin \mathrm{x}=\mathrm{c}$ where $|c|>\sqrt{a^{2}+b^{2}}$ has :
(a) no solution
(b) a unique solution
(c) two solutions
(d) an infinite number of solutions
114. The domain of $\sin ^{-1} x$ is :
(a) $(-1,1)$
(b) $(-\pi, \pi)$
(c) $(0,2 \pi)$
(d) $(-\infty, \infty)$
115. $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)+\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{9}\right) x$ ?
(a) $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{18}\right)$
(b) $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{17}{36}\right)$
(c) $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$
(d) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$
116. If the sides of a triangle are $7 \mathrm{~cm}, 4 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\sqrt{13} \mathrm{cms}$ respectively, then the smallest angle is :
(a) $15^{\circ}$
(b) $30^{\circ}$
(c) $45^{\circ}$
(d) $60^{\circ}$
117. If $\mathrm{b}=3, \mathrm{c}=4, \angle B=\frac{\pi}{3}$, then the number of triangles that may be constructed is :
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) 2
(d) Infinite
118. The angle of elevation of the top of an incomplete vertical pillar at a horizontal distance of 50 mt . from its base is $45^{\circ}$. If the angle of elevation of the complete pillar at the same point is to be $60^{\circ}$, then the height of the incomplete pillar is to be increased by :
(a) 25 mt
(b) $50(\sqrt{3}-1) m t$
(c) 50 mt
(d) $50(\sqrt{3}+1) m t$
119. If every pair from the equations $x^{2}+p x+q r=0 ; x^{2}+$ $q x+p r=0$ and $x^{2}+r x+p q=0$ has a common root, then the product of the three common roots is:
(a) $\sqrt{p q r}$
(b) pqr
(c) $p^{2} q^{2} r^{2}$
(d) 2 pqr
120. The value of $\sqrt{8+2 \sqrt{8+2 \sqrt{8+2 \sqrt{\ldots \ldots \ldots}}}}$
(a) 4
(b) 6
(c) 8
(d) 10
121. The number of real roots of the equation:
$|x|^{2}-5|x|+4=0$ is :
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
122. If the ratio of the roots of $x^{2}+b x+c=0$ and $x^{2}+q x+$ $r=0$ be the same, then :
(a) $b^{2} q=c r^{2}$
(b) $b^{2} r=q^{2} c$
(c) $b q=c r$
(d) $\mathrm{br}=\mathrm{cq}$
123. The number of roots of the equation :
$9 \sec ^{2} \theta-9 \sec \theta+2=0$, is
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) 2
(d) 4
124. There are 4 letters and 4 directed envelops. The number of ways all the letters are placed in a wrong envelope is :
(a) 6
(b) 8
(c) 9
(d) 12
125. Four men and four women are to sit around a circular table such that there is a man on either side of every woman. The number of seating arrangements is :
(a) 3 ! $\times 4$ !
(b) $(3!)^{2}$
(c) $(4!)^{2}$
(d) $2(3!)^{2}$
126. If the sum of the co-efficients in the expansion of $(a+b)^{n}$ is 1024 , then the largest coefficient in the expansion is :
(a) 84
(b) 126
(c) 168
(d) 252
127. Consider the following statements:

A : Matrix multiplication is associative.
B : Matrix multiplication is not commutative, in general.
C : Produclof two matrices may be a null matrix, while neither of them is a null matrix.
In your opinion:
(a) A is incorrect
(b) $B$ is incorrect
(c) C is incorrect
(d) All the three statements are correct
128. From the matrix equation $A B=A C$ we can conclude $B=$ C provided A is :
(a) Singular
(b) Non-singular
(c) Symmetric
(d) Square
129. Consider the following statements :
$A=\lim _{x \rightarrow 0}(1+\lambda x)^{1 / x}=e^{\lambda} ; B=\lim _{z \rightarrow \infty}\left(1+\frac{\lambda}{x}\right)=e^{-x}$
In your opinion :
(a) Only A is correct
(b) Only $B$ is correct
(c) Both $A$ and $B$ are correct
(d) Both $A$ and $B$ are incorrect
130. If $\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{y}}=\mathrm{a}^{\mathrm{b}}, \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ being constants, then $\frac{d y}{d x}=$ ?
(a) $\frac{y}{x \log x}$
(b) $\frac{y \log x}{x}$
(c) $-\frac{y}{x \log x}$
(d) $\frac{y}{y \log x}$
131. If $\tan ^{-1} 4 x+\tan ^{-1} 6 x=\frac{\pi}{4}$, then x equal to :
(a) $\frac{1}{12}$
(b) $-\frac{1}{2}$
(c) $-\frac{1}{12}$
(d) None of these
132. If $\mu$ is the coefficient of friction between two bodies in contact, then :
(a) $0 \leq \mu \leq 1$
(b) $-1 \leq \mu \leq 1$
(c) $-\frac{1}{2} \leq \mu \leq \frac{1}{2}$
(d) $\mu>1$
133. For $2 \leq r \leq n,{ }^{n} C_{r}+2{ }^{n} C_{r-1}+{ }^{n} C_{r-2}=$ ?
(a) ${ }^{n+1} C_{r-1}$
(b) $2^{n+1} C_{r+1}$
(c) $2^{n+2} C_{r}$
(d) ${ }^{n+2} C_{r}$
134. If $f(x)=\frac{x-1}{x+1}$, then $\mathrm{f}(2 \mathrm{x})$ is :
(a) $\frac{f(x)+1}{f(x)+3}$
(b) $\frac{3 f(x)+1}{f(x)+3}$
(c) $\frac{f(x)+3}{f(x)+1}$
(d) $\frac{f(x+1)}{f(x)+3}$
135. The line $x+y=6$ is normal to the parabola $y^{2}=8 x$ at the point :
(a) $(4,2)$
(b) $(2,4)$
(c) $(2,2)$
(d) $(3,3)$
136. The largest revenue source in India is :
(a) Railways
(b) Sales Tax
(c) Excise Duty
(d) Direct Tax
137. Which of the following is not provided in the Constitution of India?
(a) Election Commission
(b) Finance Commission
(c) Public Service Commission
(d) Planning Commission
138. Which of the following cities is known as the commercial capital of India?
(a) New Delhi
(b) Kolkata
(c) Chennai
(d) Mumbai
139. Who founded the Bharatiya Janasangh ?
(a) Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
(b) Deen Dayal Upadhyaya
(c) Veer Savarkar
(d) Atal Behari Vajpayee
140. Tides in sea are caused by :
(a) Effect of Sun
(b) Effect of Moon
(c) Combined effect of Sun and Moon
(d) Graviational, centripetal and centrifugal forces.
141. Polio myelitus is a type of :
(a) bacterial
(b) viral disease
(c) fungal disease
(d) none of these
142. Who is the present Governor of Reserve Bank of India?
(a) D. Subbarao
(b) C. Rangarajan
(c) Raghuram Rajan
(d) Osborne Smith
143. What is the name of the first antibiotic discovered?
(a) Pennicilin
(b) Streptomycin
(c) Actinomycin
(d) Tetracycline
144. The next Common Wealth Games will be held in :
(a) Edinburgh
(b) Kuala Lurnpur
(c) Glaagow
(d) Gold Coast
145. The President of India can be removed from his office by the :
(a) Prime Minister
(b) Lok Sabha
(c) Chief Justice of India
(d) Parliament
146. Fill in the blanks by selecting one from the given alternatives :
"Ram, you can call me $\qquad$ Mondya $\qquad$ 3 O'clock $\qquad$ the after noon."
(a) in, on, at
(b) at, on, in
(c) on, at, in
(d) in, at, on
147. What is the synonym of 'Crucial' ?
(a) Active
(b) Dependent
(c) Extremely important
(d) Reserve
148. "Birds of same $\qquad$ flock together."
Fill in the blank from the given alternatives :
(a) feather
(b) colour
(c) group
(d) foreign
149. "My best friend, John, is narned grandfather." Fill in the gap by the appropriate alternative :
(a) to
(b) about
(c) after
(d) on
150. Fill in the gap by the alternatives:
"I told you about the incident yesterday, $\qquad$
(a) didn't
(b) don't
(c) do
(d) did -
$\qquad$  -

## ANSWER

| 1. (a) | 2. (d) | 3. (c) | 4. (a) | 5. (a) | 6. (d) | 7. (a) | 8. (a) | 9. (a) 10. (d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11. (a) | 12. (c) | 13. (d) | 14. (a) | 15. (d) | 16. (a) | 17. (d) | 18. (c) | 19. (d) 20. (a) |
| 21. (a) | 22. (b) | 23. (c) | 24. (c) | 25. (a) | 26. (b) | 27. (a) | 28. (d) | 29. (a) 30. (c) |
| 31. (b) | 32. (c)33. | (wrong) | 34. (a) | 35. (d) | 36. (c) | 37. (a) | 38. (b) | 39. (d) 40. (d) |
| (wrong) | 42. (a) | 43. (a) | 44. (c) | 45. (b) | 46. (b) | 47. (b) | 48. (c) | 49. (c) 50. (b) |
| 51. (d) | 52. (b) | 53. (c) | 54. (a) | 55. (d) | 56. (b) | 57. (a) | 58. (b) | 59. (a)60. (wrong) |
| 61. (a) | 62. (b) | 63. (a) | 64. (b) | 65. (d) | 66. (b) | 67. (b) | 68. (a) | 69. (d) 70. (b) |
| 71. (b) | 72. (a) | 73. (c) | 74. (c) | 75. (a) | 76. (d) | 77. (d) | 78. (a) | 79. (b) 80. (b) |
| 81. (c) | 82. (d) | 83. (b) | 84. (b) | 85. (d) | 86. (d) | 87. (b) | 88. (c) | 89. (d) 90. (d) |
| 91. (b) | 92. (d) | 93. (a) | 94. (d) | 95. (c) | 96. (c) | 97. (b) | 98. (d) | 99. (d) 100. (c) |
| 101. (b) | 102. (c) | 103. (b) | 104. (b) | 105. (b) | 106. (c) | 107. (d) | 108. (d) | 109. (c) 110. (b) |
| 111. (b) | 112. (d) | 113. (a) | 114. (a) | 115. (c) | 116. (b) | 117. (a) | 118. (b) | 119. (b) 120. (a) |
| 121. (d) | 122. (b) | 123. (a) | 124. (c) | 125. (a) | 126. (d) | 127. (d) | 128. (b) | 129. (a) 130. (c) |
| 131. (a) | 132. (a) | 133. (d) | 134. (b) | 135. (b) | 136. (c) | 137. (d) | 138. (d) | 139. (a) 140. $(3,4)$ |
| 141. (b) | 142. (c) | 143. (a) | 144. (c) | 145. (d) | 146. (c) | 147. (c) | 148. (a) | 149. (c) 150. (a) |

